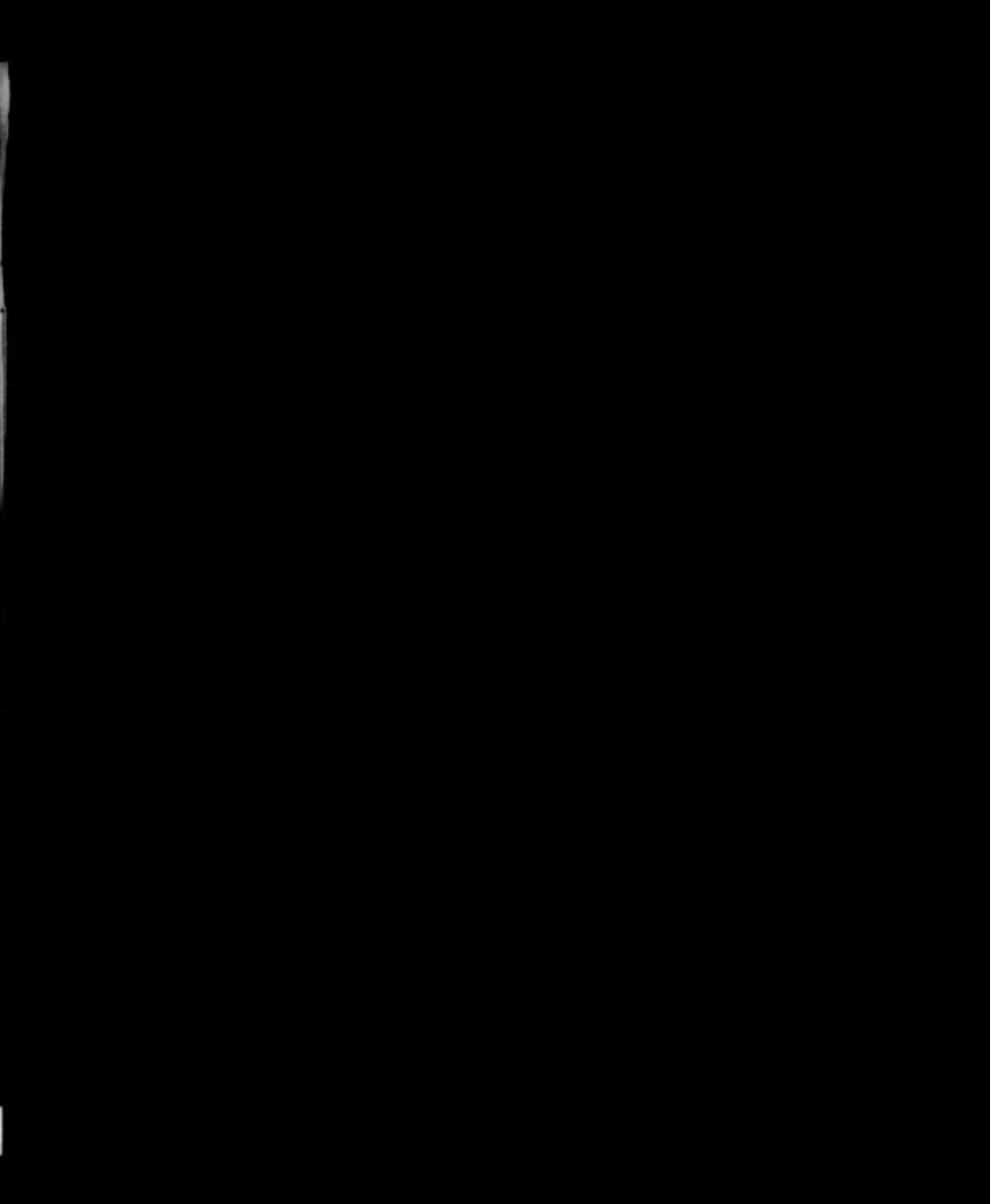


“Did you hear
what the
CEO said
yesterday?”



"He said we should

Get your infrastructure ready for anything.

24/7/365 demands, big CEO requests, etc., etc., etc. What is going on here? This, of course, is today's unpredictable business environment. In this environment, where _____ can happen at any moment, you need to keep your infrastructure prepared for anything and everything. And that is exactly what the Microsoft® platform is designed to help you do. Here's how:

Security

The Microsoft platform helps provide the secure infrastructure that enables confident computing in a dynamic Internet-enabled environment.

The Microsoft platform enables high levels of security through built-in encryption, authentication, and access control that can be centrally managed and integrated. In addition, it helps protect sensitive data and applications by securing your network perimeter against attacks and unauthorized use.

Manageability

The Microsoft platform allows you to build and maintain a technology infrastructure that is reliable, cost-effective, and easily modified to meet changing business needs.

Microsoft Systems Management Server 2.0 provides comprehensive hardware and software inventory, enterprise software distribution, remote control, and software metering for Microsoft Windows®-based desktops and servers. Microsoft Active Directory® service and Group Policy features in the Windows 2000 Server family simplify management of users and devices. Microsoft Operations Manager 2000 provides enterprise-class event and performance management. And Microsoft Application Center 2000 makes the management of Web server farms as simple as managing a single server.

”

Interoperability

The standards-based technologies in the Microsoft platform work with your existing infrastructure, support future technology investments, and leverage your investment in the skill sets of your current staff.

The Microsoft platform can enable communication with other operating systems, including UNIX-, NetWare-, and IBM-based systems, using common protocols. It can also access file shares and printers on other platforms, integrate new applications with existing data sources, and reduce the burden of administering multiple systems. And XML-enabled Microsoft BizTalk® Server 2002 even allows you to orchestrate business processes and applications across organizational boundaries.

Reliability

With the right investments in people, processes, and the technology of the Microsoft platform, you can achieve the highest levels of reliability you need to run your business.

The Windows 2000 Server family delivers up to 4-node clustering and 32-node load balancing to support mission-critical applications and solutions. Features like these, along with established best practices and support from Microsoft's industry partners (including fault-tolerant systems vendors), allow customers to build solutions that provide up to 99.999% service availability.⁷

Scalability

The Microsoft platform scales to handle your most demanding workloads.

The Microsoft platform gives you the choice of thinking bigger, smaller, up, or out, with the lowest price-to-performance ratio of any competitive platform.⁸ You can deploy Microsoft SQL Server[™] 2000 on Windows 2000 Datacenter Server for heavy-duty ERP and transaction processing, and scale up to support terabytes of data and millions of transactions. Or scale out with Application Center 2000 by adding clusters of Windows 2000-based servers running distributed applications. Either way, the scalability you need is there.

For more information on how to prepare your infrastructure for _____ and _____, visit microsoft.com/enterprise Software for the Agile Business.



Microsoft



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When it comes to protecting your business, you need security that can protect your enterprise from potential threats, no matter where they may come from. That's exactly what eTrust does. Our family of products allows you to not only safeguard your entire enterprise, but also view and manage that security either centrally or from multiple delegated locations. So you can continue to grow and maximize new opportunities while minimizing your risk. And that's security you can feel secure about.

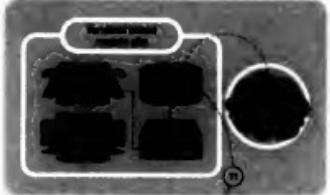


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FIELD REPORT: TALKING IN PACKETS

Voice over IP at companies like Embarcadero Systems (illustrated left) promises companies low-cost convergence for voice and data, but many barriers remain. **PAGE 50**



ENCRYPTION FOR EVERYONE

This week's Future Watch focuses on emerging technologies that could make encryption easy enough for common use. **PAGE 56**

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4 Sears is mum about the sudden departure of CIO Jerry Miller just days after the Lands' End acquisition announcement.

5 In the wake of reports that terrorists may have slipped into the U.S. on cargo ships, New York Port Authority officials say beefed-up IT systems are needed to help stop such breaches.

8 Sun's latest version of Solaris includes more than 300 new features intended to boost the reliability, availability, scalability and performance of the operating system.

12 The Web services options for developers of enterprise integration software continue to grow, as both Tibco Software and Vitria Technology release new tools.

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For breaking news, updated twice daily visit:

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25 In the debut of a new column called Peer to Peers, National Retail Federation Vice President Cathy Honka offers a list of techniques that IT leaders can use to update themselves on technologies without breaking the bank.

26 Computer science students are digging it out with laid-off veterans technicians and entry-level workers for coveted IT positions.

42 Leasing mainframes and servers can be a lot cheaper than buying them upfront and easier to upgrade, say IT purchasing pros who have benefited from the switch.

43 Chief of information is a new title being tested by dental products maker A-dec, where the CFO reports to the newly appointed information chief.

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49 Some IT decisions made recently remind columnist Nicholas Petreley of the popular entertainments of his youth. Remember Planet Bizarro and those body-snatching pod people?

54 QuickStudy Anti-aliasing smooths out the edges of diagonal and curved lines in computer graphics, eliminating the jagged or stair-stepped look. Learn more in this week's primer.

55 XML's self-describing nature may be its greatest strength as a technology, but it's also a serious security vulnerability, says reviews editor Russell Kay.

57 Security Journal: A test installation of a wireless LAN leaves the entire network exposed at Matthias Thurman's company, leading him to decide on a layered security design.

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64 Frank Hayes says a recent *USA Today* report that cited billions of dollars in wasted IT spending overlooked several important factors.

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ONLINE

IS LINUX TOO HARD?

In our Operating Systems forum, community members discuss Linux and whether it's easy enough for users to have on their desktops. **QuickLink: [x2670](#)**

ADVICE FROM IT PROFESSIONALS

As this year's college seniors graduate and enter the job market, they probably want to know what kind of jobs and salaries they can expect. Some IT veterans offer their insights to the would-be rookies in our Careers forum.

QuickLink: [x2660](#)

CRYPTO CRITIQUE

One of the inventors of public-key cryptography talks with Computerworld about problems with encryption today and what the technology will look like in the future. Read the Q&A with Martin Hellman, professor emeritus at Stanford University. **QuickLink: [x2973](#)**

WHAT'S A QUICKLINK?

On some pages in this issue you'll see a QuickLink code pointing to additional, related content on our Web site. Just enter that code into our QuickLink box online, which you'll see at the top of each page on our site.

Use QuickLinks to see related stories, discussion forums, research links, archives and more.

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AT DEADLINE

IBM Begins Layoff Process at U.S. Sites

IBM confirmed that it is laying off about 750 people at four U.S. facilities in the first of what is expected to be a series of cutbacks by the company. Sources previously said that IBM was preparing to cut up to 8,600 of its 320,000 employees. A company spokesman last week declined to say how many layoffs are likely at IBM.

Second Ameritrade Co-CIO to Leave

Omaha-based Ameritrade Holding Corp., the remaining member of its former co-CIO executive tandem, will resign effective next month. Fellow co-CIO Mark Choi left November, and the online brokerage said it recently launched an external search for a new, single CIO. Until one is hired, Ameritrade added, the IT managers who now report to Derry will be responsible for day-to-day technology operations.

Chemicals Maker Names Head of IT

Houston-based Lyondell Chemical Co. said Eric Silva, its director of human resources services, will take over as vice president of IT on June 1. Silva will report to Lyondell's chief operating officer and replace Robert Tolbert, who is retiring. Lyondell said Silva has also held jobs in finance and played a key role in an installation of SAP AB applications.

Comcast Denies Privacy Violations

Comcast Corp., in Philadelphia, denied charges made in a class-action lawsuit filed in Michigan that the cable TV and internet service provider violated the privacy rights of customers by collecting data on their Web surfing habits. In February, Comcast stopped collecting the data.

Sears' CIO Departs After Lands' End Acquisition

No comment from retailers, but observers disagree on deal's influence on the move

BY TODD R. WEISS

OF THE THOUSANDS OF RETAILERS, RockChucks and Co. were tight-lipped last week about the sudden departure of CEO Jerry Miller on May 17, just four days after the company announced that it will acquire catalog and online retailer Lands' End Inc. next month.

Three days before his departure, Miller spoke with Computerworld about the pending acquisition and how it would affect IT at both companies [QuickLink: 290021]. Miller said the early plans for the two companies included keeping the respective IT departments separate, though Lands' End would be a wholly owned subsidiary of Hoffman Estates, Ill.-based Sears.

Miller couldn't be reached for comment, and Sears executives didn't return several calls asking for their remarks regarding Miller's departure.

Peggy Paltier, a Sears spokeswoman, confirmed that Miller no longer works for the company, but she refused to say whether he was fired or resigned from his job. "We do not comment on former employees," she said.

Don Zimmerman, a Sears vice president of IT for credit, home services and financial products, has been named interim CEO. Paltier said Zimmerman, who joined Sears in 1996 after 12 years with Purchase, N.Y.-based PepsiCo Inc., could not be reached for comment.

A spokeswoman for Dodgeville, Wis.-based Lands' End also refused to comment. Frank

CURRICULUM VITAE

Miller joined Sears in 1994 after 20 years at a drugstore company.

December 1996: Name: Sears DO

1995-96: Sears vice president of logistics

1994: Sears senior systems director

1984-94: Vice president of IT at Bergen Brunswig Corp.

Giannamonio, CIO at Lands' End since February, didn't return a call seeking his remarks.

Examining the Possibilities

Several industry analysts said that while they don't have direct knowledge of Miller's departure, there are several possible explanations for it.

Michael Dorchik, an analyst at Robert Frances Group Inc. in Westport, Conn., said Lands' End's technical savvy both online and in its catalog business could have caused

Sears executives to shift IT responsibility to the company with more success in those areas. "That might be sufficient to cause a disruption in the corporate firmament over at Sears," Dorchik said.

Paul Daversa, CEO of executive search firm Resource Systems Group in Stamford, Conn., said Miller's departure probably wasn't related to the Lands' End deal and might have been in the works for some time. "For them to do this acquisition, there had to be technical due diligence" about the direction in which IT was heading, Daversa said. "He knew it was coming."

Carol Baroudi, an analyst at Baroudi and Associates in Arlington, Mass., said Miller may have been let go simply because he didn't keep quiet about the coming IT changes as part of the acquisition. "Maybe his days were numbered by the acquisition and he gave them an excuse," Baroudi said. ♦

Electricity Deregulation Causes IT Problems in Texas

State hires Feld Group to tackle service delays and other problems in new system

BY MICHAEL MEEHAN

Energy deregulation in Texas has hit an IT snag, as the agency in charge of the state's electricity grid operation last week brought in a for-hire CIO firm to fix problems that have caused persistent customer service delays.

The Electric Reliability Council of Texas Inc. (ERCOT) has hired The Feld Group Inc. in Irving, Texas, to troubleshoot system problems that

have arisen around switching customers to new service providers and issuing bills in a timely manner.

Starting Jan. 1, Austin, Texas-based ERCOT became responsible for every service order in its region, which covers about 85% of the state. While other deregulated states have made individual power companies responsible for the orders, Tom Noel, president and CEO of ERCOT, said his company is

experiencing the growing pains of being the first major central authority to undertake this type of work.

"Things were supposed to come into our systems in a certain sequence," he said. "What we're finding is people can't respond in the sequence that was expected. We need to make it bulletproof."

Pointing Problems

According to Noel, ERCOT's problems center on the handling of aberrant data, out-of-sequence transactions and legacy systems that are dependent on transaction flows.

He said that out of ERCOT's 5.5 million customers, about 200,000 to 300,000 are experiencing problems.

The Feld Group, which has performed CIO duties for First Data Corp., Delta Air Lines

and Pepco Inc., was hired in April to perform a 30-day examination of ERCOT's IT systems. The Feld Group's report called for better error detection, data validation as information travels across ERCOT's systems, and a simpler method for companies doing business with ERCOT to share their data.

Most important, the report suggested "ensuring the ability to reliably deliver, receive, trace and provide status of all transactions in and out of ERCOT."

The Feld Group has been signed to a six-month contract to oversee the company's systems upgrade.

"It may be that we can fix these problems ourselves, but it would take longer, and we want this done quick and done right," Noel said. ♦

NEWS

Judge May 'Haunt' Microsoft For Years as Remedy Enforcer

Case outcome could follow path of AT&T breakup, with future complaints, legal issues

BY PATRICK THIBODEAU
WASHINGTON

Judge Colleen Kollar-Kotelly may well become a legal specter in Microsoft's future.

As with the judge who oversaw the breakup of AT&T Corp. in 1984, Kollar-Kotelly, who is overseeing the remedy hearing of the antitrust case, may see a steady stream of legal issues, complaints from Microsoft's competitors or requests for changes from the software giant arising from whatever remedy she eventually imposes. And if Microsoft fails to comply, in her words, she will "haunt" the company.

In the years following AT&T's breakup, Judge Harold Green made numerous legal decisions, particularly as the new Baby Bells sought waivers from various legal requirements. The unhappy Baby Bells painted him as de facto government regulator.

"The main lesson learned is even a decree that requires significant judicial involvement can be made to work," said Michael McNeely, a former U.S. Department of Justice attorney who worked on the AT&T case.

"For all the groaning along the way, to me it seemed pretty clear that the breakup of the Bell system... has been to the benefit of consumers," said McNeely, now an attorney at Palo Alto, Calif.-based Gray Cary Ware & Freidenrich.

Compliance issues

In final arguments, Kollar-Kotelly heard from both sides about how they think the remedy should be enforced. She used that hearing as an opportunity to tell Microsoft what kind of enforcer she will be.

After a Microsoft attorney insisted that the company would faithfully comply with any order, the judge said there

would be no other alternative but compliance.

"I would expect that's going to be the case," said Kollar-Kotelly, "because these are the kinds of things that come back to haunt you if it turns out you don't, because I will have a memory for all of these statements."

Attorneys for the nine non-settling states recently outlined a plan for the appointment of a special master to oversee the remedy and conduct preliminary

work if a third party were to file a complaint about Microsoft's compliance with the remedy. The special master would gather facts and deliver a report to the court along with possible recommendations for action. The entire process could take four months, said states' attorney John Sherenfeld.

Under the Bush administration settlement, a three-member technical committee would be set up to monitor compliance and bring any enforcement issues to the Justice Department.

Whether this case becomes Kollar-Kotelly what it became for Green remains to be seen. One expert, Ernest Gellhorn, an antitrust professor at George Mason University Law

School in Arlington, Va., said the specific terms of the AT&T breakup "were so undefined and open-ended that the parties were constantly going back to court." He said he doesn't believe Kollar-Kotelly will face

a similar problem.

The idea of a special master as the overseeing states proposed may be appealing to the judge, especially if that person brings technical expertise, said Hilary Sterling, an attorney and a partner at Gordon & Glickson LLC in Chicago.

"The question is whether the judge or special master can make both sides to live comfortably, albeit competitively," he said. "It's hard to believe that we're seeing the last wave of litigation on these issues." ▶

Remedy Options

The Microsoft antitrust trial judge has three paths to enforcement.

WHAT MICROSOFT WANTS: A three-member technical committee would monitor the company, with the Justice Department overseeing enforcement.

WHAT THE NONSETTLING STATES WANT: A court-appointed and monitored special master would oversee enforcement.

WHAT THE JUDGE WANTS: Unknown, but she could craft rules that are a hybrid of the proposals or something entirely new.

Port Authorities Call for IT Enhancements

Terrorist warnings prompt closer look at security on ships

BY DAN VERTON
WASHINGTON

A new terrorism warning surfaced last week indicating that as many as 25 terrorists of Middle Eastern origin may have slipped into the U.S. unnoticed after stowing away aboard cargo ships that entered four major U.S. seaports.

The threat, while not new, underscores the need for better IT systems to help port authorities and local law enforcement agencies better track suspected terrorists and criminals who attempt to enter through the nation's seaports, say port authority officials.

Beth Rooney is manager of port security at The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey, where specific threats to historical landmarks last week put officials on a heightened state of alert. One of the biggest port security problems, she said, is that ship cargo information isn't received by

port authorities until three to five days before a ship arrives.

"We are pushing for systems to ensure supply chain integrity and the integrity of the contents of the container, including that there's not a person in there," said Rooney, referring to the need for timely transmission of certified container inspection documents from authorities outside the U.S.

"I would also like to see a



We are pushing for [systems to ensure] supply chain integrity and the integrity of the contents of the container.

BETH ROONEY, MANAGER OF PORT SECURITY, THE PORT AUTHORITY OF NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY

database or notification system for ports and law enforcement agencies affiliated with the port to network and alert each other when we discover something out of the ordinary," said Cindy Rinaldi, chief of police for the South Carolina State Ports Authority. "Right now, we do not have any communication [systems] to link other ports and law enforcement agencies together."

"Currently, all notifications are made by phone," Rinaldi noted. "This can cause serious delays in passing along much-needed information that would be useful for our homeland security protection."

Funding Constraints

Anne Mouse, manager of port security at the South Carolina State Ports Authority, said her organization has big plans for improving security, but little funding. For example, the port in Charleston has rolled out an identification system for access control. "This system is not fully utilized yet due to funding issues, but the format is in place," Mouse said.

Funding may be on its way,

however. A U.S. Department of Defense appropriations bill could provide \$93.3 million to the U.S. Department of Transportation's new Transportation Security Administration (TSA) to fund port security assessments and enhancements. Likewise, the Port and Maritime Security Act of 2002, which was passed by the Senate Dec. 20, calls for \$790 million in grants for port security infrastructure improvements.

Funding can't come soon enough, port authority officials said.

"Transactions between the buyer and seller take place 40 to 50 days ahead of time," said Rooney. "If you can provide the purchase order information to the authorities at the time the transaction is made, then we can have intelligence on what to look for. It's integration. The systems and the data are out there."

The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey recently requested funding to build and test a pilot version of such a purchase order transaction-monitoring function in its system. Grants will be awarded by the TSA next month.

"We can build the functionality and have it ready to go in July," Rooney said. ▶

Brokerages Resist NYSE Call For Electronic Order Capture

New rules could prove costly in terms of tech spending and customer service

BY LUCAS MEARIAN

A PROPOSED rule change by the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) requiring the electronic capture of all stock orders before they leave the trading desk has Wall Street concerned that it will cost millions of dollars to implement and place too great an onus on the IT departments of brokerages that still record large stock orders on paper.

Specifically, the NYSE has proposed amendments to Rules 123 and 132 that would require brokerages to electronically capture trade orders at the point of receipt prior to delivering a physical order ticket to a "post." In light of the recent stock-exchange scandal involving Merrill Lynch & Co., that is expected to spread to other brokerages, electronic trade recording could further expand the NYSE's oversight capability.

"This initiative of the electronic capture of orders before they're presented in the marketplace is an effort to avoid a situation where a person could falsify an order ticket," said a NYSE spokesman.

The NYSE rule change proposes that 17 data fields be filled out by traders, including information such as firm's exchange symbol, clearing member organizations, the number of shares involved in a trade and the tracking or internal numbers used.

"Most firms don't have a system for systematically capturing information about the order at the trading desk," said Scott Kursman, vice president and associate general counsel for the Securities Industry Association (SIA) in New York.

Kursman argues that a paper

order ticket can be updated with a "flick of a pen," while it is much more difficult to juggle a software application and change 17 data fields.

The Big Board has developed a program called Front End Systemic Capture (FESC) that expands upon its electronic network for the systematic capture of all orders prior to execution.

Cash Link

NYSE officials wrote an April 2 letter to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) — which would have to approve the NYSE rule change — opposing the amendment, arguing that it would hurt the broker-client relationship and that it would be costly for firms to systematically link in-

formation that resides in multiple locations in both electronic and paper formats.

Kursman said the brokerages most affected by the rule are those that specialize in block orders — orders of 10,000 shares or more — which are still recorded on physical tickets. Between 7% and 4% of orders from large broker dealer firms are written on paper at the trading desk on the floors of exchanges. Firms such as Cantor Fitzgerald LP and Goldman, Sachs & Co. specialize in large institutional orders that are taken manually, Kursman said.

The NYSE rule change requires hacking into the firm's data-collection process to retrieve information about an order from an earlier point in the life of that order. "It's a question of how far the firm can look back for that information and whether all of it is available for electronic capture for the purpose of creating a single

Not as Easy As 1-2-3

The NYSE's proposed commitments to Rules 123 and 132 would:

- Require the electronic capture of order execution reports at point of sale.
- Require electronic capture of orders at point of receipt.
- Create a complete systemic record of orders handled by all brokers and their firms.

record," Kursman said.

For institutional firms that handle large block orders, the change would require them to set up electronic order entry points for traders. Those computers would have to link with the firm's institutional record-keeping databases and with the

NYSE's HMC system. Kursman estimated that it would cost institutional traders, like Cantor Fitzgerald and Goldman, Sachs \$2 million to \$8 million to set up the order trail system, including additional hardware and storage capacity.

Another problem with the proposed rules change is that it's alarmingly similar to computer system changes brokerages had to make to comply with the Order Audit Trail System. That project was approved by the SEC in June 1998 on behalf of the Washington-based National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. (NASD), the Nasdaq Stock Market's parent.

"Brokers didn't want to have to go through another whole programming effort to create a similar process for the NYSE side, which had a different standard associated with it," said analyst Larry Tabb at TowerGroup in Needham, Mass.

An NYSE spokesman said the exchange "made every effort to have our proposal match up with procedures already approved by the SEC with respect to the NASD order trail system ... but with differences between the markets, they couldn't be identical."

Start-up's Tool Helps Users Move From AOL to MSN

BY BRIAN SULLIVAN

Microsoft Corp. has launched a \$10 million campaign to lure customers from e-mail provider America Online Inc. and the technology company comes from a 12-person company in New York.

TrueSwitch, from Esaaya Inc., provides the means for customers of Dulles, Va.-based AOL to switch their e-mail accounts, address books and stored e-mail over to The Microsoft Network (MSN) online service, said Fred Garry, Microsoft's MSN project manager.

"This is the primary solution that we looked at," Garry said. "It offered the most innovative technology."

Mark Kasirajan, chief operating officer and co-founder of Esaaya, said the company CEO, Thomas Isaac, designed the software specifically to let Internet service providers (ISPs) do what MSN is doing: grabbing a lot of customers. "We're targeting ISPs," Kasirajan said.

But Kasirajan said the tool could be used for any operation in which information needs to be transferred from one Web-based system to another. And the company is willing to tailor the tool to meet each client's specific needs, he added.

The tool, which is Java-based and operates on systems running Unix, is at its core a data integration, mapping and

transformation engine. It logs on to AOL using the customer's current user ID and password. It then collects all of the necessary information about the user's e-mail address book and account and migrates it to MSN, Kasirajan said.

Kasirajan said that if the MSN campaign is a success, Esaaya should have no problems scaling TrueSwitch to meet a rise in demand. He said Esaaya monitors load, and if demand goes up, the company simply adds more servers to the operation. That, he said, is all that's required to scale the tool.

TrueSwitch goes into an application through the front end rather than the back end, he said. That lets business rules remain intact during a change.

Kasirajan said pricing is based on a flat licensing fee plus a per-user fee. He declined to elaborate, and MSN wouldn't comment on how much it

spent on the tool. But Kasirajan said the higher the licensing fee paid upfront, the lower the per-user fee will be.

"There is nothing technologically surprising about it at all," said David Ferris, president of San Francisco-based Ferris Research Inc. ▀

ISP Switcheroo

Esaaya says TrueSwitch does the following:

- MOVES THE DATA in important applications between providers.
- NOTIFIES selected contacts of the user's new e-mail address.

FORWARDS E-MAIL to a new address for as long as the old account is active.

AUTOMATES account cancellation so users don't have to talk to customer service representatives from their old ISPs.

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TrueSwitch goes into an application through the front end rather than the back end, he said. That lets business rules remain intact during a change.

Kasiraju said pricing is based on a flat licensing fee plus a per-user fee. He declined to elaborate, and MSN wouldn't comment on how much it

NYSE's FESC system. Kursman estimated that it would cost institutional traders like Cantor Fitzgerald and Goldman, Sachs \$2 million to \$6 million to set up the order trail system, including additional hardware and storage capacity.

Another problem, with the proposed rules change, is that it's alarmingly similar to computer system changes brokerages had to make to comply with the Order Audit Trail System. That project was approved by the SEC in June 1998 on behalf of the Washington-based National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. (NASD), the Nasdaq Stock Market's parent.

"Brokers didn't want to have to go through a whole other programming effort to create a similar process for the NYSE side, which had a different standard associated with it," said analyst Larry Tabb at TowerGroup in Needham, Mass.

An NYSE spokesman said the exchange "made every effort to have our proposal match up with procedures already approved by the SEC with respect to the NASD order trail system ... but with differences between the markets, they couldn't be identical."

spent on the tool. But Kasiraju said the higher the licensing fee paid upfront, the lower the per-user fee will be.

"There is nothing technologically surprising about it at all," said David Ferris, president of San Francisco-based Ferris Research Inc. ♦

ISP Switcheroo

Esaya says TrueSwitch does the following:

MOVE THE DATA in important applications between providers.

NOTIFY selected contacts of the user's new e-mail address.

FORWARD E-MAIL to a new address for as long as the old account is active.

AUTOMATE account cancellation so users don't have to talk to elaborate, and MSN wouldn't comment on how much it

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NEWS

BRIEFS

Sun Sees Q4 Profit Despite Order Lag

Sun Microsystems Inc. said it's sticking by a forecast that it will return to profitability in its fourth quarter ending June 30, even though orders are lagging slightly behind third-quarter levels. Sun had predicted a slight sequential upturn in revenues this quarter, but Michael Lefebvre, Sun's chief financial officer, said the current order shortfall "is not of great significance."

Reports: IT Spending Likely to Be Flat

Technology spending budgets controlled by the IT departments of U.S. firms are expected to drop by an average of 0.4% this year, according to a survey of 360 users conducted this month by Gartner Inc., in Stamford, Conn., and The Octaveane Sache Group Inc., in New York.

Cambridge, Mass.-based Big Information Group Inc. also predicted that IT spending this year will be about the same as last year,

Oracle Releases 9i Upgrade to Developers

Oracle Corp. released an early version of an upcoming Oracle database upgrade for software testing use by application developers. The Oracle9i Database Release 2 code is available free of charge to developers who have registered for the early-access program. The upgrade is due for general release next month on a mix of Unix, Linux and Windows systems, Oracle said.

Netscape Ships 7.0 Web Browser Preview

Netscape Communications Corp. announced a preview release of its Netscape 7.0 Web browser. The subsidiary of AOL Time Warner Inc. said new features include the ability to click between multiple linked Web pages in a single window.

Sun Weaves Key Features Into Solaris 9

Adds middleware, management capabilities to up functionality, lower costs of its Unix OS

BY JAIKUMAR VIJAYAN

SUN MICROSYSTEMS Inc.'s move to integrate key middleware and management components into the latest version of its Unix operating system, which was released last week, should give customers added functionality at a lower cost than before, say IT managers and analysts.

Making such a wide range of functions available at the operating system level is yet another sign of Sun's maturity — and ambition — in the enterprise software space, said Yefim Natis, an analyst at Gartner Inc. in Stamford, Conn.

Sun has realized that the operating system of the past few years at far too low a level to compete with enterprise infrastructure software, Natis said. "What they are trying to do is to move their operating system up the stack" with the latest release of Solaris, Natis said.

Solaris 9 comes equipped with more than 300 new features intended to boost the reliability, availability, scalability and performance of the Unix operating system. Key features include a bundled application server, a directory server and enhancements to the operating system's partitioning, high-availability, clustering and security capabilities.

The features should give customers greater functionality right out of the box, said Shawn Willett, an analyst at Current Analysis Inc. in Sterling, Va.

"If you are a Sun user and

thinking of implementing these functions, it is going to

AM EXEC ON 9
Sun Vice President Anil Duttore discusses Solaris 9 and Unix.
QuickLink: www.computerworld.com

be easier and cheaper to get it with the operating system" than it would be to buy and install those features separately, Willett said.

For instance, the availability of the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) directory server with Solaris 9 should make identity management and access control tasks easier to handle, said Matthew D. Stock, director of IT in the computer department at the University of Buffalo in New York. The department currently

uses a Network Information System (NIS) design for maintaining user identification and authentication information on more than 5,000 users. An LDAP server provides greater security and manageability for doing that, Stock said.

"As a department, we are trying to find a different solution and get away from this whole business of password files and NIS," Stock said.

Bundling the Sun Open Net Environment application server with the operating system should also reduce application server costs and make installation easier. It should also help push wider adoption of the Sun application server platform in a

More Under The Sun

The executives involved with Solaris 9 include:

- Sun ONE application server
- Sun ONE Directory Server
- Solaris 9 Resource Manager software
- Solaris Volume Manager software
- Sunfire Firewall

market dominated by IBM's WebSphere and BEA Systems Inc.'s WebLogic application servers, analysts said.

One of the most important enhancements to Solaris are those that make hosting large database management systems an easier and less time-consuming process, said Bill Claybrook, an analyst at Aberdeen Group Inc. in Boston. ▀

Sherwin-Williams Brushes SCO Unix Aside, Adopts Linux

Will deploy IBM PCs running Turbolinux at 2,500 paint stores

BY TODD R. WEISS

Sherwin-Williams Co. is deploying IBM PCs running the Turbolinux operating system to replace SCO Unix-equipped systems throughout its 2,500 stores across North America.

In an announcement last week, the Cleveland-based paint manufacturer and retailer said it's moving to Linux and IBM to upgrade its point-of-sale and in-store operations, while minimizing its transition costs from established Unix systems.

Under the multimillion-dollar deal — the exact value of which isn't being released — IBM will install about 9,700 of its M41 NetVista desktops,

along with monitors, printers, cash drawers and related products, in Sherwin-Williams' stores, said Peter Neilsen, a Linux executive at IBM Global Services. The new Turbolinux-equipped systems will run all store functions, including customer transactions, inventory and software applications used for paint mixing and tinting. One PC will be configured as an in-store server at each location.

Bill Thompson, director of IT at Sherwin-Williams' Paint Stores Group, said in a statement that the new systems will allow an easy transition from The Santa Cruz Operation Inc.'s (SCO) Unix systems. SCO, formerly a leader in the Unix business, was purchased by Caldera International Inc. in Lindon, Utah, in August 2000.

LINUX LOWDOWN

For more about Linux, visit our Knowledge Center:
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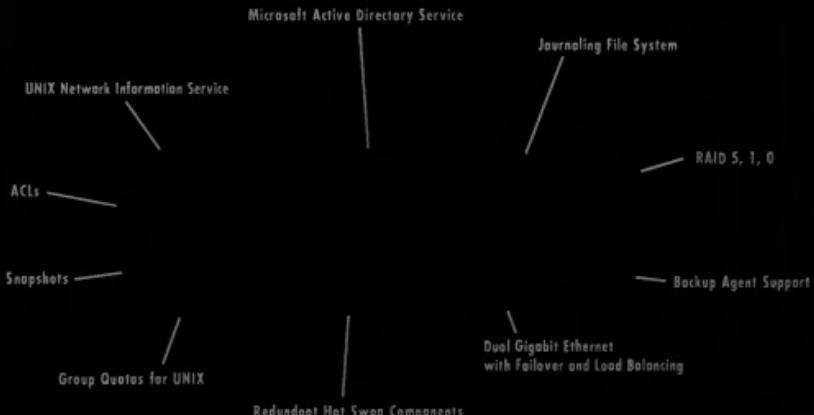
Blake Stowell, a Caldera spokesman, said the company is disappointed about losing Sherwin-Williams' Unix business. However, he said the paint company remains a customer and "hasn't closed the door on Caldera."

Sherwin-Williams' Caldera is engaged in talks about using Caldera's Volution management application within the new systems being deployed, he said.

Sherwin-Williams' IT staff designed and developed the new systems and has ported the company's proprietary applications to Linux from Unix. The company's IT staff will work with 500 to 1,000 IBM Global Services employees who will assist in the deployment, which will begin in July and be completed in the second quarter of 2003.

Jonathan Eunice, an analyst at Illuminata Inc. in Nashua, N.H., said the deal is important because it shows the "mainstreaming of Linux" inside a large retail operation. ▀

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Microsoft

EAI Vendors Add More Support for Web Services

Tibco, Vitria tie emerging technology to business process integration tools

BY MICHAEL MAZURIN

FURTHERING their delivery of Web services support to corporate users, integration software rivals Tibco Software Inc. and Vitria Technology Inc. last week released tools that combine the emerging technology with business process management capabilities.

Analysts said the latest announcements reflect a move by enterprise application integration (EAI) vendors to offer

boulewide mission-critical Web services technology. And some users are already taking the new offerings and using them in integration projects.

For example, Denver-based Qwest Communications International Inc. said that it plans next month to launch an integration framework that links its internal order entry, service assurance, customer relationship management, billing and inventory systems. Using new



tools from Palo Alto, Calif.-based Tibco, all of the data in those systems will be made available via Web services.

Tibco announced the addition of Web services support to its business process management software, which lets users coordinate automated transaction processes and workflows across applications.

The software vendor said it has now completed an initiative to blend Web services functionality into its entire EAI suite.

Meanwhile, Sunnyvale, Calif.-based Vitria released Version 2.0 of a similar Web services module for its busi-

ness process management integration software (see box).

Seattle-based CapitalStream Inc., a company that processes business credit data for financial institutions, used a beta-test version of Tibco's new Web services tool to create direct links between an online credit application form and the back-end approval mechanism.

The project, carried out with Walnut Creek, Calif.-based Bank of the West Inc., was completed in February.

By eliminating the need to re-enter data and streamlining workflows, the links have in some cases helped cut application processing times from five days to just one, said Jeff Dirks,

AT A GLANCE

Two for One

The rival Web services integration tools released by Tibco and Vitria do the following:

CREATE

Web services based or existing applications with no new coding

INCORPORATE

Web services into multi-system business transactions

PROVIDE

Access to Web service-based data via Web portals and wireless devices

MANAGE AND MONITOR

Web services applications and components

CapitalStream's president.

It would be impractical for CapitalStream to try to recast an entire 20-step online application process with Web services technology, Dirks said. But Web services can be used to streamline certain parts of the procedure, he added.

"The whole process doesn't have to be Web service-enabled, just one piece of it," Dirks said. "That way, we can be strategic about how we use the technology and only implement it where we can define a clear return on investment."

New Rule for EAI Vendors

While Web services technology such as Simple Object Access Protocol messaging and the Web Services Description Language might make it easy for users to expose application interfaces on their own, Andrew Eubanks, Tibco's director of products, said EAI vendors can still play a role in coordinating integration processes and linking to legacy systems.

Until last year, Teashen said,

Tibco used a combination of freeware code and in-house programming to run its e-mail system. Now, the school has 37,000 user accounts on a clustered pair of specialized e-mail servers made by Sunnyvale, Calif.-based Mirapoint Inc.

One server runs the e-mail system while the other acts as a backup machine, Teashen said. Messages are stored and routed by Mirapoint-developed software and accessed through Web browsers.

"We don't have to worry about setting up a client [application] at this computer at that campus, or that computer at that campus, or setting up a laptop [for a professor] to go to a conference," Teashen said. "That's all gone now."

Colleges Learn Advantages Of Using Commercial E-Mail

Schools switching from customized messaging systems

BY JENNIFER DABRATINO

Freeware and a lot of IT management creativity have traditionally fueled college messaging systems. But that's changing as some universities look to off-the-shelf applications to reduce maintenance work and provide better security.

Within the past year, several colleges and universities have switched from their old, custom-configured e-mail systems to commercial products. However, they're not buying the same e-mail systems preferred by large corporations. Instead, they're moving to thin-client and Web-based applications that can run tens of thousands of user e-mail accounts on a single server.

"It usually [was] sort of a

cobbled-together thing," said Matt DeFour, directory engineer at the University of Kentucky in Lexington. For example, his school previously used the freeware version of sendmail Simple Mail Transfer Protocol software and San Diego-based Qualcomm Inc.'s freeware product, Qoppfer. It lets messages be downloaded to e-mail client software such as Qualcomm's Eudora or Microsoft Corp.'s Outlook.

Last summer, DeFour said, he replaced that setup with Internet messaging software developed by Novell Inc. and five of Dell Computer Corp.'s Windows-based Poweredge 6450 servers. The university now has more than 30,000 user accounts on the Novell Internet Messaging System software, which is being renamed NetMail as part of an upgrade that's due next month.

DeFour spread the e-mail ac-

servers for redundancy and performance reasons but said he's now considering putting all the accounts on one server.

Management oversight is much simpler than it was on the old system, according to DeFour. And the Internet messaging software is much less expensive than a full-fledged corporate e-mail system would be. Kentucky has to pay only 6 cents per user mailbox for its Novell accounts, DeFour said.

Specialized commercial

We don't have to worry about setting up a client [application] at this computer at that campus, or that computer at that campus, or setting up a laptop [for a professor] to go to a conference," Teashen said. "That's all gone now."

ROY TEASHEEN, DIRECTOR OF INTERNET APPLICATIONS AND SYSTEMS, BAKER COLLEGE

MORE THIS ISSUE
Novell looks to boost its e-mail software business with its planned NetMail upgrade. Read more on page 21.





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BRIEFS

Microsoft Warns of Debugger Flaw ...

Microsoft Corp. warned that a security hole in its authentication mechanism used by a debugging tool included in Windows NT 4.0 and Windows 2000 could allow attackers to run malicious code, delete data or make configuration changes on unprotected servers. Microsoft gave the flaw a "critical" severity rating and urged system administrators to install a new patch.

... While Cisco Says IP Phones at Risk

Cisco Systems Inc. disclosed that it had identified several security flaws in its line of IP telephones, including ones that leaves the devices vulnerable to denial-of-service attacks. Cisco said attackers could also take control of its IP Phone 7910, 7940, and 7960 models, and modify configurations if the products are left unprotected. The company issued a patch to plug the holes.

Intel Buys Optical Network Technology

Intel Corp. agreed to acquire turnable laser technology from San Jose-based New Focus Inc., as part of a plan to develop optical networking components that cost less than current devices. Intel said it's paying New Focus about \$50 million for the laser technology, which is designed to help optical transceivers increase the bandwidth of fiber networks.

Short Takes

Andover, Mass.-based investment firm CMGI Inc. said it will buy full ownership of its ENGAGE INC. subsidiary. CMGI currently owns 75% of Engage, an Andover-based developer of marketing software.

Hoofddorp, Netherlands-based network services firm NPM/WEST NV filed for bankruptcy protection under Dutch law.

Worm Threatens SQL Server Accounts

Microsoft urges use of previously released patch and beefed-up password protection

BY JAIKUMAR VIJAYAN

Security researchers last week warned of a worm propagating via SQL Server accounts that aren't protected by administrative passwords. Once it infects the server, it exports all user passwords on that server to an external e-mail account, said Eliav Levy, chief technology officer at SecurityFocus in San Mateo, Calif.

SQL Snake, called SQL Sniffer, scans for and attacks Internet-connected SQL Server accounts that aren't protected by administrative passwords. Once it infects the server, it exports all user passwords on that server to an external e-mail account, said Eliav Levy, chief technology officer at SecurityFocus in San Mateo, Calif.

SQL Snake also uses the compromised machine to similarly infect other vulnerable SQL servers, Levy said. "It is not exploiting any new vulnerability. It is just looking for administrative accounts with no passwords," he said.

The emergence of the worm and of malicious code that takes advantage of previous vulnerabilities in SQL Server make it important for users to deploy a patch that Microsoft had previously released for SQL, a Microsoft spokesman said. "Microsoft is advising SQL Server users to take action to protect themselves against attacks that seek to exploit blank passwords and a temporary vulnerability addressed with Microsoft Security Bulletin MS02-020," the spokesman said.

Analysts were first alerted to the worm last Monday, after a huge weekly increase in scanning activity for port 1433, which is commonly used by Microsoft's SQL Server.

"We've been watching reconnaissance activity against Microsoft's SQL Server for the past nine months," said Tim Belcher, chief technology offi-

cer at Riptech Inc., an Alexandria, Va. based managed service provider.

But the scanning activity increased by 90% over the weekend and a further 100-fold from Monday to Tuesday last week.

1,600 and Rising

SecurityFocus has received reports of about 1,600 systems that have been infected, with that number growing by about 100 every hour, Levy said.

"This is a potent worm, and it is propagating with impressive speed. If you are running a unconfigured SQL Server, you are likely to be compromised very shortly," Belcher said.

SQL Snake isn't as big a threat to the Internet infrastructure as Code Red and Nimda were, because there are fewer SQL Servers on the Internet than there are Microsoft Internet Information Servers, those were targeted by those previous worms, Belcher said.

Users can mitigate exposure by blocking Internet access to port 1433, according to an alert posted by Russ Cooper, moderator of the NTBugTraq mailing

Tools Focus on Automated Security Policy Management

Software enforces IT usage policies

BY JAIKUMAR VIJAYAN

Mountain View, Calif.-based security vendor PolicyOne Inc. last week introduced a product to automate the process of monitoring and enforcing corporate security policies.

Using PolicyEnforcer, security administrators will be able to monitor a network for user actions or system configurations that violate an organization's stated security policy, according to the company.

The release is one of an increasing number of products that address a growing need for tools to help administer and enforce IT usage policies, users and analysts said.

Policy automation should help companies continuously monitor the security status of their organization and systems, said Clint Kreitzer, president

of The Center for Internet Security, a nonprofit in Bethesda, Md., that helps corporations with security-related issues.

Such monitoring can extend all the way down to the proper configuration of workstations, routers, switches, firewalls and switches at the detailed operational level, he said.

The Air Academy Federal Credit Union in Colorado Springs is using Enforcer from Mountain View, Calif.-based PolicyOne to do many of those things, the credit union now

How They Work

SECURITY POLICY MANAGEMENT TOOLS:

INSTALL, agents in client systems

GATHORE usage, configuration, password and other management information with the agents

ENFORCE access controls, usage permissions, strong password controls and other policies

WHAT TO DO

■ **SECURE** your system administrator log in access with a non-NULL password.

■ **BLOCK** port 1433 at your Internet gateway. **ENABLE** logon audits to prevent misuse of this port.

ing list. It's also important to ensure that the administrator account has a password and to disable TELNET network libraries, if you're not using them, he added.

Also review the configuration and installation of systems that may be inadvertently running SQL Server and disable unnecessary deployment, Riptech said in its advisory.

And Microsoft recommended using strong authentication for access control. ■

gets automatic alerts if usage policy is breached. Security flaws such as insecure user passwords, faulty or inadequate patches, and unauthorized changes to configuration or registry settings all trigger alerts to the systems administrator, said Bush Hill, vice president of IT at the Air Academy Federal Credit Union. The alerts are pushed up the management chain if they aren't acted upon within preset time limits.

"It's been really useful for us," Hill said.

Volvo Finance North America in Montreal, N.Y. uses configuration management software from ConfigurationOne Inc. in Woodland Park, Colo., to ensure policy compliance. The software also helps monitor patches, set access permissions, randomly change and monitor passwords and monitor the network for configuration changes that might cause a breach.

ConfigurationOne's software lets companies bring everything into compliance and manage security policies more efficiently, said Anthony DeVito, a Windows NT systems administrator at Volvo Finance. ■

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How They Work

Enforcer monitors a network for policy violations and automatically takes corrective action. It can also alert administrators via e-mail or pager when a violation occurs. . . .

WHAT TO DO

• **SECURE** your systems administrator log-in account with a non-NUL password.

• **BLOCK** port 1433 at your Internet gateway and/or assign SQL Server to listen on an alternate port.

• If port 1433 needs to be available on your Internet gateway, **ENABLE** gress/ingress filtering to prevent misuse of this port.

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Continued from page 1

Navy

Still, the massive project has been fraught with delays and implementation problems, demonstrating the difficulties enterprises stand to encounter when undertaking large-scale outsourcing plans.

For example, in a global organization like the Navy, which insiders describe as a conglomeration of hundreds of IT fields, attaining enterprise-wide buy-in to the type of cultural change that N/MCI would bring has proved to be difficult at best.

"The goals and success of

the enterprise is a whole, it necessarily take precedence over individual desires," said the order issued last week by N/MCI director Rear Adm. Charles Minnits, a copy of which was obtained by Computerworld.

Project Backlash

But what some insiders characterize as a misinformed, overzealous deployment plan has produced a backlash from Navy managers and claims that users are unable to do their jobs effectively.

The N/MCI deployment schedule has moved IT support for existing systems that users need to do their jobs on last on the priority list, said an

IT support manager at the Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR) Patuxent River, Md. "It used to be that the customer always comes first. Now, it's, 'We don't care what the customer says just put out and get [N/MCI] done,'" the IT support manager said.

"N/MCI is all talk and no bite," said a systems administrator for the Navy's Southwest region, which includes naval air stations in Lemoore, Calif., and Fallon, Nev. "They are not set up to be service-oriented," he noted, adding that he has been waiting for more than eight weeks for the N/MCI program office to approve a simple client server software maintenance release.

"I cannot get any information from [EDS] that indicates what anyone is doing with my software substrate," the administrator said. "As a result, I cannot tell my customers when it will be released."

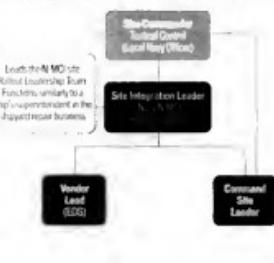
Several N/MCI insiders contacted by Computerworld last week requested anonymity out of fear of losing their jobs. The Navy and EDS declined to respond directly to comments from anonymous sources. But John Cleland, an EDS spokesman, said that despite the few defectors who are resistant to change, "the [N/MCI] program is on solid footing."

Double-Edged Sword

The N/MCI blade indeed cuts both ways, said an EDS engineer who works at the Patuxent River air station. "The people at NAVAIR are very smart and resourceful, and if they wanted N/MCI it would already be in place and working smoothly," the EDS source said. According to the source, because of repeated work stoppages ordered by local Naval brass who have cited remote access, security and help desk concerns (QuickLink 29843), it has taken two years to deploy 1,000 seats — a project that should have taken 90 days. "They have just been fighting N/MCI so long, it has become a passion," the EDS source said.

The Navy deployment order now requires any work shop-

N/MCI Site Rollout Leadership Team



Arts as single authoritative user representative. Supports Site Commander by directing, coordinating and reporting status of vendor requirements and generation needs.

N/MCI Installation Plan by June 30

Navy Air Station (NAS), Patuxent River, Md. 3,800 SEATS

NAS, Lemoore, Calif. 3,000 SEATS

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HQ Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command, San Diego 1,562 SEATS

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NOW Anacostia Annex, Washington 276 SEATS

Navy Reserve Center, Fort Worth, Texas 164 SEATS

Navy Reserve Center, New Orleans 114 SEATS

HQ Naval Reserve Readiness Command South, Fort Worth 77 SEATS

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TOTAL: 20,513 SEATS

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Navy and EDS insiders also point to technical delays stemming from the Navy's 80,000-plus legacy applications, many of which must be installed on hosts outside of the intranet because they haven't passed security testing or don't run on Windows 2000.

The legacy applications [challenge] is something the Navy did not understand when it started the N/MCI effort," said Navy Capt. Chris Christopher, in a recent interview.

"We've since started a Navy application database task force. Klause is part of the translation," Christopher said. ■



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**UNIDENTIFIED IT SUPPORT MANAGER,
NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND**

Continued from page 1

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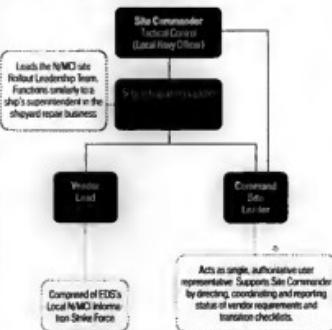
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UNIDENTIFIED IT SUPPORT MANAGER,
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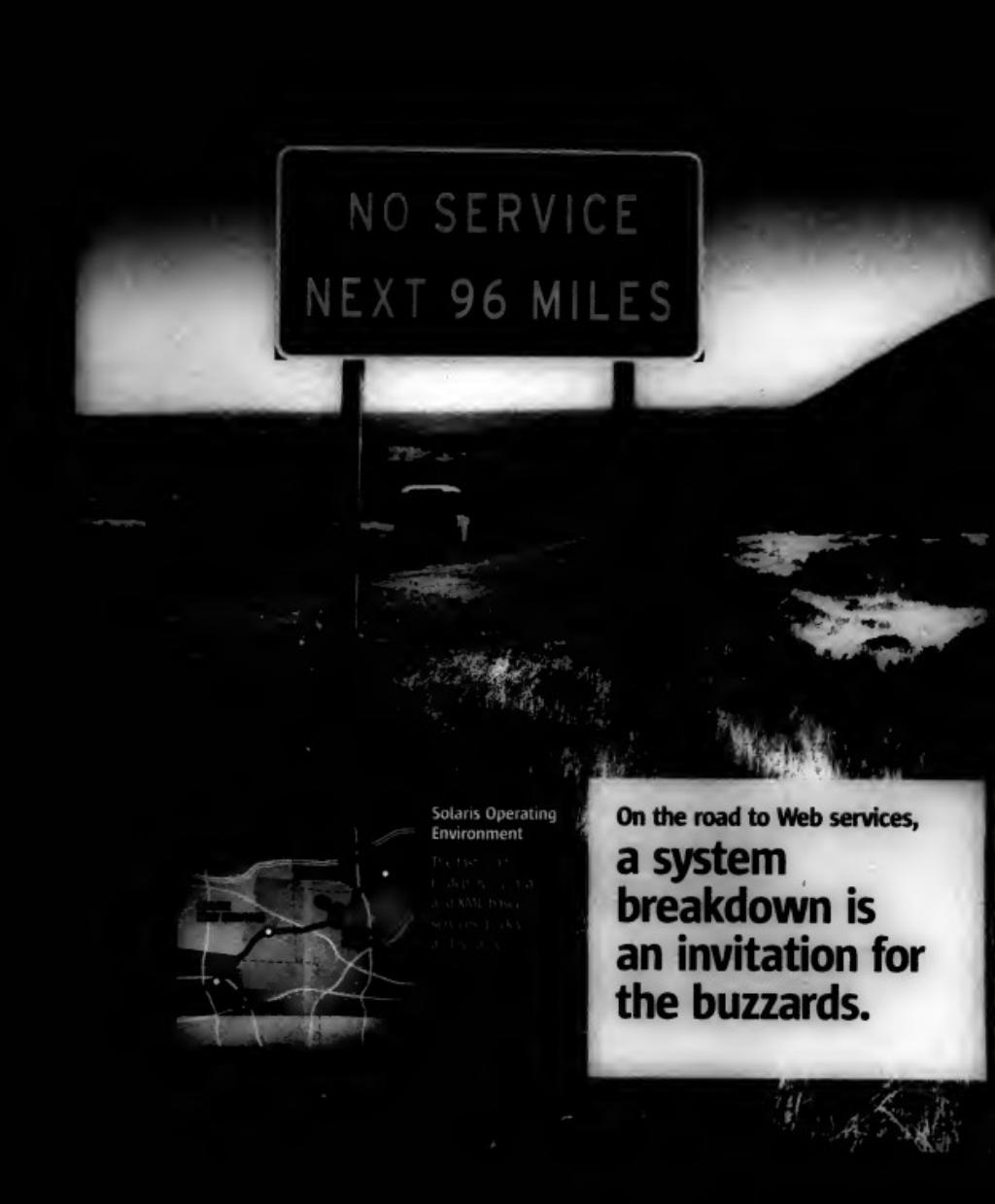
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SEC May Mandate Next-Day Trade Settlements

T+1 could create heavy burden for companies

BY LUCAS MEARIAN
NEW YORK

Even as the Securities Industry Association (SIA) announced that it's reconsidering the business case for moving the de facto standard for settling trades from three days to one, a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) official said the government plans to propose rules that could eventually require next-day trade settlements.

Speaking last week at the SIA's STP+1 conference here, Robert Ciallo, the SEC's deputy director of market regulation, said his agency could announce the proposed rule as early as next month, preempting a vote the SIA is scheduled to take July 18 to determine the industry's direction regarding next-day trade settlements, or T+1.

The securities industry has been mobilizing to move to straight-through

processing of trades, or STP, which involves creating more efficient business rules and interconnected electronic networks that would allow the flow of trade data from brokers and dealers to the back-end systems of banks, brokerages and clearinghouses.

The business case for shortening the settlement cycles has recently come under fire because of the burden it would place on firms at a time when other projects, such as disaster recovery and business continuity, have moved to the forefront. Others argue that T+1 creates little return on investment. T+1, together with STP, is expected to cost the securities industry about \$8 billion to achieve.

Don Kittel, executive vice president of the SIA, said consensus-building around the processes needed to move

to T+1 will be the association's focus over the next few months.

Many attending the conference said an SEC rules proposal would be beneficial in opening a dialogue between the industry and the government.

Others didn't see a business case for mandating T+1, saying they preferred to move ahead on creating standards, network connectivity and systems interoperability for STP.

"If we don't figure out straight-through processing, T+1 will be irrelevant,"

said Mike O'Conor, managing director of global equities at Merrill Lynch & Co. in New York.

HELP WANTED

T+1 needed a regulatory kick-start, some brokers say
QuickLink: www.computerworld.com

Wireless Data Services Get Flat-Rate Pricing

BY ROB BREWEN

Verizon Wireless is applying the Internet-access pricing model to its mobile, high-speed data business, offering high-use enterprise customers what it calls an "all you can eat" monthly flat-rate price of \$99.99.

Last week's announcement followed one made earlier this month by Reston, Va.-based Nextel Communications Inc., which is offering a flat-rate service priced at \$54.99 per month. However, the service offered by Bedminster, N.J.-based Verizon Wireless, the country's largest cellular carrier, has a throughput of 49K to 60K bits/sec., compared with Nextel's 25K to 30K bit/sec.

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sume 12MB of data in an hour. "I would say [Verizon is] heading in the right direction and has set the bar for pricing on wireless data packet services," he said.

Gary Robertson, chief technology officer at Delta Corp. in Troy, Mich., also welcomed the news. "Per-megabyte [pricing] does not make sense in a PowerPoint culture. My e-mail runs 20MB a day," Robertson said.

Still, Robertson said he doesn't plan to sign up Delta for any kind of mobile data service until the carriers improve their reliability and coverage.

Verizon plans to introduce flat-rate pricing June 4 on its IX Express Network.

Verizon hasn't yet rolled out its IX Express Network nationwide. Kansas City, Mo.-based Sprint PCS Group

maintains that offering nationwide coverage is the best approach, but it won't discuss its service or pricing plans until it turns on its entire national third-generation service this summer, according to spokesman Dan Wilinsky. "We believe the race is to the finish line, not the starting line," he said.

Rich Black, a spokesman for AT&T Wireless Services Inc. in Redmond, Wash., was unable to say whether his company — which pioneered flat-rate pricing for cellular voice service — plans to match Verizon's flat-rate data pricing. But "we're looking at our business pricing as we speak," he said. "Pricing will be adjusted as we find the need to do it."

Reporter Matt Hamblen contributed to this story.

CARRIER	PRICE PER MONTH	SPEED
Verizon	\$99.99	49K to 60K bits/sec.
Nextel	\$54.99	25K to 30K bit/sec.

BRIEFS

SAP Makes Sales Management Changes

SAP AG gave Leo Apotheker, who had served as the software vendor's European sales chief, responsibility for global field operations and named him acting head of its North American unit. SAP said it expects later this year to name a new CEO at SAP America Inc., which was hit by a 29% drop in software license revenue during the first quarter.

Peregrine to Restate Financial Results

Peregrine Systems Inc. in Dan Diego said it will restate the financial results for the first three quarters of fiscal 2002, which ended March 31, and for the previous two years to correct up to \$100 million in revenue-recognition errors. The asset management software vendor also disclosed that the Securities and Exchange Commission is investigating its accounting practices.

USI Out of Chapter 11, Signs Merger Deal

Application service provider USInterworking Inc. (USI) emerged from Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection with \$3.5 million in new funding from Bain Capital Inc., a Boston-based investment firm. Ann Arbor, Mich.-based USI also said it's merging operations with Interpath Communications Inc. Bain owns a controlling interest in Research Triangle Park, N.C.-based Interpath.

J.D. Edwards Shows Second-Quarter Profit

Omaha-based J.D. Edwards & Co. reported a net profit of \$3.5 million on revenue of \$223.6 million for its second quarter ended April 30, compared with a year-earlier loss of \$7.5 million on revenue of \$221.9 million. But net sales of the company's business applications decreased by 13% year over year.

Novell Seeks E-Mail Jolt From Thin Client

Upgrade of server-based software adds support for Windows NT/2000 systems

BY JENNIFER DISABATO

FIGHTING THE perception that it's an also-ran in the corporate messaging market, Novell is trying to grow its user base with upgraded thin-client e-mail software that is scheduled to ship next month.

Novell is positioning the new release as a lightweight but secure messaging tool for workers who don't sit at a desk all day, such as doctors, nurses, airline pilots and college students and professors.

The strategy "does make sense. That's really where you're going to see the expansion of messaging," said Michael Osterman, an analyst at Osterman Research Inc. in Black Diamond, Wash.

The upgraded Novell NetMail 3.1 software, which was

called Novell Internet Messaging System in previous releases, was announced earlier this month at the company's BrainShare Europe user conference. Novell is adding support for Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers to the software as part of the new release.

IBM's Lotus Software Group subsidiary and Microsoft Corp. are the acknowledged heavyweights of messaging. But Osterman said that neither company offers a behind-the-firewall thin-client tool like NetMail, though both support Web-based e-mail.

Product Advantages

Users of earlier NetMail releases said it's less expensive and easier to administer than enterprise-level products such as Microsoft Exchange, Lotus Notes and Domino, and Nov-

AT A GLANCE

NetMail 3.1

WHAT IT IS: Server-based thin-client software that's compatible with POP3 and Web-based messaging clients, including Microsoft Outlook and Eudora.

WHAT'S NEW: NetMail 3.1 adds support for Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers and for synchronizing data with personal digital assistants.

PRICING AND AVAILABILITY: The upgrade is scheduled for release through Novell's resellers on June 28 at a suggested price of \$75 per end user.

ell's own GroupWise software. NetMail offers the messaging basics, they said, including server software that manages a mailbox from which users can send and receive messages, plus a calendar and an address book.

"GroupWise is a very thick client. It really didn't give us the opportunity of breaking out what we wanted to give students," said Sam White, manager of NetWare and Windows NT support at Georgia

State University in Atlanta. The school has 60,000 NetMail end-user accounts on one Novell NetWare server and 4,500 GroupWise accounts on 14 systems, White said.

Dallas-based Southwest Airlines Co. bought 30,000 NetMail licenses last year and has rolled out accounts to 11,000 pilots and flight crew members so far. Employees can access their accounts from PCs at "crews bases" at hub airports, as well as from their homes.

Eric Jorgenson, manager of Intel operating system services at Southwest, said about 8,000 of the airline's corporate employees were already using GroupWise. But NetMail was a better option for pilots and other workers who don't spend most of their time in offices, he said.

Another potential selling point for Novell is its products' ability to manage user identities from a central directory.

Jorgenson said the use of Novell's eDirectory software to link employee identities in Southwest's messaging system with the ones in its human resources database was another key factor in the decision to go with NetMail. Changes made in the human resources system automatically trigger actions in the e-mail account, he noted. ■

Juniper Targets Cisco With Unisphere Deal

Buys Siemens unit to boost router line

BY STEPHEN LAMPION

WITH JOHN BLAU

Juniper Networks Inc., one of the top rivals of Cisco Systems Inc. in the router market, last week moved to bolster its business by agreeing to buy a U.S.-based division of Siemens AG that makes routers for use at the edges of IP networks.

The planned purchase of the Unisphere Networks Inc. unit would also give Sunnyvale, Calif.-based Juniper access to Siemens' worldwide sales channels through a reseller agreement announced as part of the deal. The companies said Ju-

niper will pay Munich, Germany-based Siemens \$375 million in cash plus about 10% of its stock for Westford, Mass.-based Unisphere.

Together, Juniper and Unisphere controlled 18% of the edge router market in the first quarter, second only to Cisco's 39% share, said Kevin Mitchell, an analyst at Infonetics Research Inc. in Woburn, Mass.

Juniper began as a maker of core network routers but has expanded into equipment for the edges of networks. "But there was some question whether their edge routers are optimized to deal with edge routing needs," Mitchell said. Adding Unisphere's product line would give Juniper access

to edge-routing features such as sophisticated service management software and Multi-protocol Label Switching technology that can route data around failed network nodes.

Router Agreement

THE ACQUISITION is expected to be completed in the third quarter and to "slightly relieve" to Juniper's earnings this year.

THE COMPANIES said more than 80% of Juniper's sales are in the U.S., while 70% of Unisphere's business is overseas.

THE DEAL calls three years of the Unisphere's voice networking technology was folded into Siemens' other operations.

Scott Kriens, Juniper's chairman, president and CEO, said during a conference call that the deal isn't meant to be a cost-cutting move. For example, he said, Juniper plans to continue developing its own Junos routing software along with Unisphere's technology while providing a unified way to manage the products.

Unisphere was formed in 1999 when Siemens combined one of its units with three U.S. start-ups it had acquired. Siemens had hoped to win market share from Cisco, but Thomas Ganswindt, president of Siemens' networking group, conceded last week that the company couldn't "do it all alone" because of the high cost of developing router technology. ■

Lawson and Blau are reporters for the IDG News Service.

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NEWS

CENTERWORLD May 27, 2002

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BY LUCAS MCKARNAN
STAFF WRITER

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AT A GLANCE

On the Table

The SIA's executive board will vote July 18. Three options are under consideration:

- Current to achieving T+1 by June 2005
- Current to straight-through processing. Make T+1 a design standard.
- Tackle aspects of T+1 that have immediate ROI without forcing near-day settlement

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Gary Robertson, chief technology officer at Delphi Corp. in Troy, Mich., also welcomed the news. "Pre-megabyte [pricing] does not make sense in a PowerPoint culture. My e-mail runs 20MB a day," Robertson said.

Still, Robertson said he doesn't plan to sign up Delphi for any kind of mobile data service until the carriers improve their reliability and coverage.

Verizon plans to introduce flat-rate pricing June 4 on its iX Express Network.

Verizon hasn't yet rolled out its iX Express Network nationwide. Kansas City, Mo.-based Sprint PCS Group

maintains that offering nationwide coverage is the best approach, but it won't discuss its service or pricing plans until it turns on its entire national third-generation service this summer, according to spokesman Dan Willinsky. "We believe the race is to the finish line, not the starting line," he said.

Rich Blash, a spokesman for AT&T Wireless Services Inc. in Redmond, Wash., was unable to say whether his company — which pioneered flat-rate pricing for cellular voice service — plans to match Verizon's flat-rate data pricing. But "we're looking at our business pricing as we speak," he said.

"Pricing will be adjusted as we find the need to do it."

Reporter Matt Hamblen contributed to this story.

Wireless Data Services Cost Comparison

	\$99.99	40K-60K bit/sec. average
Verizon Wireless	\$99.99	Unlimited usage
Nextel Communications	\$54.99	25K-30K bit/sec. average
AT&T Wireless	\$39.99 for 10MB \$199.99 for 200MB	75K bytes/sec. peak

NEWS

BRIEFS

SAP Makes Sales Management Changes

SAP AG gave Leo Apotheker, who had served as the software vendor's European sales chief, responsibility for global field operations and named Steve Hiltner as head of its North American unit. SAP said it expects later this year to name a new CEO at SAP America Inc., which was hit by a 29% drop in software license revenue during the first quarter.

Peregrine to Restate Financial Results

Peregrine Systems Inc. in Diego said it will restate the financial results for the first three quarters of fiscal 2002, which ended March 31, and for the previous two years to correct up to \$500 million in revenue-recognition errors. The asset management software vendor also disclosed that the Securities and Exchange Commission is investigating its accounting practices.

USI Out of Chapter 11, Signs Merger Deal

Application service provider USI-enterprising Inc. (USI) emerged from Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection with \$100 million in new funding from Bain Capital Inc., a Boston-based investment firm. Annapolis, Md.-based USI also said it's merging operations with Interpath Communications Inc. Bain owns a controlling interest in Research Triangle Park, N.C.-based Interpath.

J.D. Edwards Shows Second-Quarter Profit

Denver-based J.D. Edwards & Co. reported a net profit of \$3.5 million on revenue of \$223.8 million for its second quarter ended April 30, compared with a year-earlier loss of \$7.5 million on revenue of \$221.9 million. But net sales of the company's business applications decreased by 13% year over year.

Novell Seeks E-Mail Jolt From Thin Client

Upgrade of server-based software adds support for Windows NT/2000 systems

BY JENNIFER OBARIATNO

FIGHTING THE perception that it's an also-ran in the corporate messaging market, Novell Inc. is trying to grow its user base with upgraded thin-client e-mail software that is scheduled to ship next month.

Novell is positioning the new release as a lightweight but secure messaging tool for workers who don't sit at a desk all day, such as doctors, nurses, airline pilots and college students and professors.

The strategy "does make sense. That's really where you're going to see the expansion of messaging," said Michael Osterman, an analyst at Osterman Research Inc. in Black Diamond, Wash.

The upgraded Novell NetMail 3.1 software, which was

called Novell Internet Messaging System in previous releases, was announced earlier this month at the company's BrainShare Europe user conference. Novell is adding support for Windows NT and Windows 2000 servers as part of the new release.

IBM's Lotus Software subsidiary and Microsoft Corp. are the acknowledged heavyweights of messaging. But Osterman said that neither company offers a behind-the-firewall thin-client tool like NetMail, though both support Web-based e-mail.

Product Advantages

Users of earlier NetMail releases said it's less expensive and easier to administer than enterprise-level products such as Microsoft Exchange, Lotus Notes and Domino, and Novell's own GroupWise.

AT A GLANCE

NetMail 3.1

WHAT IT IS: Server-based thin-client software that's compatible with POP3 and Web-based messaging clients, including Microsoft Outlook and Eudora.

PRICING AND AVAILABILITY: The upgrade is scheduled for release through Novell's resellers on June 26 at a suggested price of \$15 per user.

NetMail offers the messaging basics, they said, including server software that manages 3 million boxes from which users can send and receive messages, plus a calendar and an address book.

"GroupWise is a very thick client. It really didn't give us the opportunity of breaking out what we wanted to give students," said Sam White, manager of NetWare and Windows NT support at Georgia

State University in Atlanta. The school has 60,000 NetMail end-user accounts on one Novell NetWare server and 4,500 GroupWise accounts on 14 systems, White said.

Dallas-based Southwest Airlines Co. bought 30,000 NetMail licenses last year and has rolled out accounts to 10,000 pilots and flight crew members so far. Employees can access their accounts from PCs at "crews bases" at hub airports, as well as from their homes.

Erik Jorgenson, manager of Intel operating system services at Southwest, said about 8,000 of the airline's corporate employees were already using GroupWise. But NetMail was a better fit for pilots and other workers who don't spend most of their time in offices, he said.

Another potential selling point for Novell is its products' ability to manage user identities from a central directory.

Jorgenson said the use of Novell's eDirectory software to link employee identities in Southwest's messaging system with the ones in its human resources database was another key factor in the decision to go with NetMail. Changes made in the human resources system automatically trigger actions in the e-mail account, he noted. ■

Juniper Targets Cisco With Unisphere Deal

Buys Siemens unit to boost router line

BY STEPHEN LAWSON

WITH JEFFREY AU

Juniper Networks Inc., one of the top rivals of Cisco Systems Inc. in the router market, last week moved to bolster its business by agreeing to buy a U.S.-based division of Siemens AG that makes routers for use at the edges of IP networks.

The planned purchase of the Unisphere Networks Inc. unit would also give Sunnyvale, Calif.-based Juniper access to Siemens' worldwide sales channels through a reseller agreement announced as part of the deal. The companies said Ju-

niper will pay Munich, Germany-based Siemens \$757 million in cash plus about 10% of its stock for Westford, Massachusetts Unisphere.

Together, Juniper and Unisphere controlled 10% of the edge router market in the first quarter, second only to Cisco's 39% share, said Kevin Mitchell, an analyst at Infiniti Research Inc. in Woburn, Mass.

Juniper began as a maker of core network routers but has expanded into equipment for the edges of networks. "But there was some question whether their edge routers are optimized to deal with edge-routing needs," Mitchell said.

Adding Unisphere's product line would give Juniper access

to edge-routing features such as sophisticated service management software and Multi-Protocol Label Switching technology that can route data around failed network nodes.

Router Agreement

THE ACQUISITION is expected to be completed in the third quarter and is "slightly elusive" to Juniper's earnings this year.

THE COMPANIES said more than 60% of Juniper's sales are in the U.S., while 70% of Unisphere's business is overseas.

THE DEAL came three weeks after Unisphere's voice networking technology was folded into Siemens' other operations.

Scott Kriens, Juniper's chairman, president and CEO, said during a conference call that the deal "isn't meant to be a cost-cutting move. For example, he said Juniper plans to continue developing its own Junos routing software along with Unisphere's technology while providing a unified way to manage the products."

Unisphere was formed in 1999 when Siemens combined one of its units with three U.S. start-ups it had acquired. Siemens had hoped to win market share from Cisco, but Thomas Ganswindt, president of Siemens' networking group, conceded last week that the company couldn't "do it all alone" because of the high cost of developing router technology. ■

Lawson and Au are reporters for the HP News Service.

PATRICIA KEEFE

Counting Is King

MY HIGH SCHOOL journalism teacher surprised us one day with a visit from the head of Boston's Associated Press bureau. The lesson we learned that day should be taught to every CIO on the planet.

We leaned forward excitedly in our chairs, fully expecting an inside look at murders, drug busts and political scandals. But instead of regaling us with war stories, he lectured a startled audience on Finance 101.

Further deflating our afternoon, he said that if we wanted to be successful journalists, we shouldn't major in journalism! Or political science or, say, government studies. Nope. Never mind all that. Major in (gasps) accounting.

The entire room reared back in dismay. We thought he was nuts until he explained himself: Everything comes down to following the money.

Campaign finance scandals, state contract kickbacks, payoffs, bribes, embezzlement, budget allocation battles — the money trail was the foundation of most investigative journalism and many a Page One story. Suddenly, it all became clear. (Not necessarily any less depressing: I mean, major in accounting? No way.) But we got the message. And you need to get it, too.

Counting is about to become king for a budget-strapped, tightly staffed and vendor-besieged IT community. The flash and excitement of leading-edge technology have been usurped by rock-bottom practicality. Making do with what you've got, and making what you've got pay its dues, is today's mantra.

You are also charged with critical business tasks like building the department budget and working out contracts for licenses, outsourcing, consultants and support. And you



Patricia Keeffe is additional director of Computerworld. You can contact her at pkeeffe@hq.computerworld.com.

are expected to forecast three- and five-year strategic technology plans that are aligned with business goals. You may not be in any position now to take on new projects, but you need to be prepared to move once the economy — and corporate budgets — loosen up.

You also need to keep an eye on profitability. A Deloitte & Touche survey of CEOs at what it considers the 500 fastest-growing high-tech companies in the world found that 34% consider profitability their top challenge. Talk to your CEO: I bet it's become his top issue as well.

Obviously, you can't possibly address those problems accurately, build a sustainable budget or negotiate successfully with your vendors

and service providers if you can't count up what you've already got, calculate the extent to which you are using that capacity and figure out from where what you'll need down the road.

To do that, you've got to get organized. You have to systematically crawl through every office, outpost and mobile setup in the company and count up every piece of equipment, every seat and type of software, every license, contract and consultant. Then, just as systematically, you have to calculate the value, number of cycles, number of seats, the number of users and so on of your IT domain.

You need to look for redundancy, unused capacity and unaccounted-for equipment (you know it's out there). Then move on to figuring out the total cost of ownership of your equipment, the ROI on your projects, the bottom-line costs of your licenses and support contracts. Once you know what you have, you can figure out what you'll need.

Unless you do this legwork, your planning will be off and your budget misaligned. And there goes the ability of IT to contribute to today's profitability goals and enable the success of your business. ♦



PIMM FOX Warehouses Need Unique Databases

YOUR BUMPY PATH toward getting a clear, single view of the customer by using a data warehouse can be smoothed with the right kind of database.

Part of the complexity begins with efforts to cohesion disparate data that resides in databases linked to already functioning applications. In addition, much of the valuable data inside an enterprise is unstructured and not well conditioned for traditional relational databases.

Vendors also underestimate the challenge of supporting a data warehouse as compared with more typical transactional processing.

NCR Teradata focuses its database resources specifically for data warehouse workloads.

Teradata's database uses a hash-based file system in contrast to the index-based system favored by companies such as IBM and Oracle and used mainly for finding rows in a transactional process.

An index-based system works well for write-oriented tasks requiring low latency for juggling lots of transactions concurrently; Teradata's product isn't designed for these kinds of tasks.

For read-oriented analytical operations requiring a multitude of data connections, Teradata's database is eye-catching. Wal-Mart, Bank of America, J.M. and British Airways have been enticed into using Teradata's technology to consolidate data marts into a data warehouse.

As for competitors, says Kevin Strange, an analyst at Gartner, there's "little evidence" Oracle is improving its ability to handle complex application-neutral data model implementa-



Pimm Fox is Computerworld's West Coast Bureau chief. Contact him at pfox@hq.computerworld.com.

For more columns and links to archives of previous columns, go to computerworld.com/columns

tions that are at the heart of data warehousing house activities.

Strange says there's some confusion over IBM's approach: Should companies choose the extended DB2 product or Red Brick and the Informix Extended Parallel Server (XPS)? "IBM sales teams have been proposing Informix XPS and Red Brick in some new customer implementations, even with IBM management stating these products would not be proposed for new implementations," says Strange.

Microsoft's SQL Server has received low-end acceptance for simple data marts but lags when faced with large data volumes and complex data models.

Sybase's IQ and Adaptive Server Enterprise products are candidates for database marketing where the organization of customer lists is based on only a few criteria.

But a data warehouse is something else. It must be powerful and versatile enough to give non-IT workers the chance to analyze data without IT constraints. There's little value in analyzing data that has in essence been pre-digested because the database can't handle complex queries.

But remember, if you can't apply parallel-processing techniques to your workload, hardware boosts will be a waste of money. And that would make your road to a single customer view a bumpy one, indeed. ♦

MICHAEL GARTENBERG Being Careful With IM Use

INSTANT MESSAGING. Once the turf of teenagers chatting with peers and family members keeping in touch long distance, is an increasingly valuable business tool.

And companies are exploiting IM effectively. Managers can touch base with peers and direct reports in real time; telecommuters can feel more connected to events at the office, and questions needing immediate responses are no longer held up by delays. The more e-mail clutter users face — and the more crucial messages they miss while scanning hundreds of spam messages — the more IM's popularity will grow.

Yet, unlike many other mission-critical systems, IM is being deployed throughout many businesses without a thought about administering it. In fact,

much of IM's business growth is the result of the formation of ad hoc "buddy lists," often at the behest of a manager who chooses the IM tool, such as AOL's AIM, Microsoft's MSN Messenger or Yahoo Messenger. But while IM may increase productivity, many users are often disconnected, since IM creates pressure to work longer.

But there's an even darker side to IM that may be exposing businesses and IT managers to risk. Consumer-grade services such as AIM and MSN Messenger are just not up to the demands of the enterprise environment. If your employees are deploying ad hoc IM networks with some of these free commercial services, here's what you must be careful about:

■ First, because IM is instant and immediate, there's a sense of imagined privacy, almost the fleeting atmosphere of a conversation. A number of stories are circulating about managers who thought their IM conversations were

no more permanent than a gossip session at a water cooler, only to have to face their words later and deal with the ramifications, including embarrassment or, in extreme cases, their firings. (It's easy to preserve a transcript of an IM session.) Consumer-grade IM services also aren't secure. If you're worried about security (and you should be), you must consider using an IM server that will work only in-house. Try this rule: if you wouldn't want to see it posted online, don't say it in an IM message.

■ Second, many businesses have strict regulations about keeping correspondence logs. (You financial services folks paying attention?) Since instant messages aren't typically stored on servers, there's no record. Compliance officers in regulated firms must ensure that IM can't be classified as a method of communication that must be logged, or they must ensure that logging mech-

anisms are in place. Another rule: Make sure you can keep only what's needed and discard the rest.

■ Finally, there are privacy and productivity issues. The courts have long held that businesses have the right to monitor and read employee e-mail. That would also likely apply to IM. It's important to set clear policies on usage, such as who may be allowed on a buddy list. End users should also be reminded that someone might be eavesdropping on IM conversations. Rule: Treat IM the way you did when e-mail first arrived. Set clear usage policies and make sure everyone understands the rules before playing.

Instant messaging can be a valuable tool for communicating effectively and immediately. But in the wrong hands, it can lower productivity, potentially humiliates your company and compromise corporate networks. ♦

ENTERPRISE IM LAGS EXPECTATIONS

A May survey found 20% of companies officially using IM for business in Q1; projections made 10 months earlier

QuickLink 28314
www.computerworld.com

READERS' LETTERS

XP Saga Strikes Chords

MY XP upgrade was very similar to Robert L. Mitchell's, as described in "Titles of the Unexpected" [QuickLink: 28257], although I bought my Dell Dimension 4100 last June, so most of the software is newer and didn't need replacing.

The real hassle was hunting down all the newest drivers. The Dell Web page warns that downloading from anywhere else means Dell doesn't need to help me anymore. Yet when I called Dell tech support to complain about the site's incomplete list of drivers, they told me to go to the various manufacturer sites and look for myself. So much for sticking with a single vendor to ensure coherent support.

Mark Cybulski
Rochester, Mich.

THIS WAS a classic case of how not to upgrade other users' PCs.

Mitchell should have installed XP and tested his applications on a separate PC so as to not subject his clients (in this case, his family) to the hardships of the issues he encountered. The cost of the exercise didn't justify the benefits, as the users were working fine in the existing environment and the upgrade brought them no obvious benefits.

Ryan L. Beauford
Programmer/tester
Kwartier University College
Surrey, British Columbia

It's an Employer's Market

IHAVE SOME observations regarding the "skills imbalance" discussed in Patricia Keefe's May editorial [QuickLink: 29632]. Since Sept. 11, the market has been flooded with programmers competing for the same jobs as me. This flood of unemployed programmers has alienated employers to become superpicky, asking for a specific skill set and a certain

number of years in a specific industry. What's more, a single job might have three or more postings on a job site from different recruiters, creating the illusion that there are more jobs out there than there are. Another reason that it's difficult for IT workers to get jobs is that recruiters are ignorant of the ability to transfer skills from one technology to another.

Lawrence Wiley
Senior software developer
Jacksonville Sheriff's Office
Jacksonville, Fla.
halley@hotmail.com

Software Buyer Beware

AS AN ex-Oracle staff consultant with 20 years' experience in large IT projects, I would have to place the blame for the situation described in the story "California Firestorm Threatens Oracle Deal" [QuickLink: 20683] primarily on the civil servants who, in my opinion,

did not do their homework and probably weren't qualified to do the needed home-work. Oracle, like any software vendor, will sell as much as the customer is willing to buy. It's the responsibility of the buyer to "buy right," including negotiating a tight, cost-effective contract that includes all costs, such as systems integration, testing, training and deployment.

Ed Barner
Web technologies and services director
San Jose

COMPUTERWORLD welcomes comments from its readers. Letters will be edited for brevity and clarity. They should be addressed to James Ester, Letters editor, Computerworld, P.O. Box 9171, 500 Old Connecticut Path, Farmington, Mass. 01081. Fax: (508) 675-4843. Internet: www.computerworld.com. Include address and phone number for automatic verification.

For more comment letters on these and other topics, go online to www.computerworld.com/letters.



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BUSINESS

THIS WEEK

SCHOOL DAZE

Computer science undergrads who are about to enter the workforce are getting a harsh lesson in market dynamics as they find themselves competing fiercely with veteran IT professionals for coveted positions.

PAGE 26



ETIQUETTE FOR ENGINEERS

Universities such as MIT are offering charm school programs to help teach students who are about to enter the workplace learn some useful social graces.

PAGE 30

RETURN ON RENTALS

A growing number of companies are shifting to leasing mainframes and servers instead of buying them outright so they can upgrade more frequently and reduce upfront capital spending.

PAGE 42

TITLE TURNABOUT

A-dec Inc., a maker of dental office furniture and equipment, has turned IT management over to its ear by having its chief financial officer report to its newly minted chief of information.

PAGE 43

CATHY HOTKA/PEER TO PEERS

Informal Education

O SENIOR AND SO EXPERIENCED. Yet so stale.

Are you well versed only in technologies that are at least 10 years old? Do you spend all your time on ROI, depreciation and staff issues, only to find that your tech skills are toast?

It's tough for senior managers to stay current on technology,

which will always be a moving target. Could you accurately describe Wi-Fi, SOAP, P3P or LDAP to a member of your tech team? The task can be overwhelming. For instance, a CIO pulled me out of a meeting two years ago and urgently whispered, "What in the world is XML?"

To stay on top, senior IT people must use a variety of tools and practices to make sense of the ever-changing technology landscape and evolving management philosophies and business practices. There might not be time for formal classes, but the CIOs I've talked with prefer the following inexpensive yet effective methods of updating their knowledge:

- **See what your peers say.** There's no substitute for talking with colleagues regularly. Try to do this in person. Off-line communication is helpful, but it's no substitute for in-person advice from trusted friends. Ask about business DSL installations and watch your colleagues roll their eyes because they can't get carriers to respond to service orders; ask about VPNs and see how others are using them. Join an organized group of IT leaders either within or outside your company's industry.

- **Get out of your office and meet new people.** When you attend conferences, make the rounds at every cocktail party and networking opportunity. You may make lifetime friends and learn about technologies and practices that may not seem important now, but could be critical next year.

- **Chat.** Talk with others via e-mail or online communities. The answers to your questions may come from someone in a different industry.

- **Subscribe to online news services.** We all get electronic newsletters that clog our in-boxes. But savvy IT practitioners define preferences and ask for relevant content through e-mail. Look for such services from business publications.

- **Take business unit managers out to lunch.** For the price of a cheeseburger and a Coke, you can reap valuable intelligence about what's going on in key parts of your company. Business unit managers will also be happy to spill the beans on what technologies your



CATHY HOTKA
manages the CIO Council for the National Retail Federation in Washington, and rents technical expertise to clients.
She can be reached at chotka@nrf.com.

company's competitors are using.

- **Use research services you've already paid for.** If you've coughed up thousands of dollars for subscriptions to research services, don't let those reports languish in your SUV's trunk. Read them, right in the office.

- **Use vendors as advisors.** Technology companies' sales and marketing people have to really understand core technologies before they can sell them. Ask these experts how the technologies work, who else has implemented them and what's coming in two or three years.

- **Show the competition.** Some CEOs think that the coolest technologies are those in use at other companies. Call up their call centers, check out their Web sites or shop in their stores. See for yourself what your CEO might have heard about in an airline magazine.

- **Get involved locally.** Many cities have groups of senior IT executives whose members share experiences and create ideas.

- **Read.** Many senior people read only business publications. Borrow a direct report's magazine and see what you've been missing.

- **Create the future.** Don't like the technologies you see? Define your destiny by forming a new interest group of cross-industry peers that can press vendors with what users really need.

- **Stay ahead on technology.** It's a battle that's never won. It means looking not to next year, but three years out. You'll be able to do that only if you constantly ask questions, get out of your office and talk to the change agents who are making a difference.

EDITOR'S NOTE

Departing today, Computerworld's Business section will switch from Peer to Peers, a monthly column written by an IT executive or manager. Peer to Peers will serve as a forum for IT leaders to offer advice or critique, comment on industry events or discussions, raise issues or silly support. We hope you'll gain insights, and we welcome your feedback. Please send your comments and questions to editors@computerworld.com.

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EVEN THE MOST TECH-SAVVY STUDENTS in the class of 2002 will need good marketing skills to land a job this year. In this slow economy, employers are selectively choosing their campus recruits — including entry-level IT applicants, says Camille Luckenbaugh, employment information manager for the National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE) in Bethlehem, Pa.

"Recruiting for IT positions has diminished compared to previous years," says Lomie Danlap, director of university career services at Northwestern University in Evanston, Ill. Indeed, many firms are slashing their entry-level hires by 30% this year compared with 2001, according to a NACE survey of 230 companies.

Employers want a range of IT skills, from Web development to software programming and mainframe experience. And as students compete for jobs with their peers — as well as downsized IT workers — they'll also need good networking skills, relevant internships and smart job-hunting strategies.

Although IT spending has declined industrywide this year, companies still need "people to manage the systems and networks and develop applications in a company's IT department," says John Challenger, CEO of Chicago-based outplacement firm Challenger, Gray & Christmas Inc. Challenger says hiring managers are looking for IT workers who can develop and manage enterprise-wide e-commerce and customer relationship management (CRM) applications.

Helen Anderson, a computer consultant at American Management Systems Inc. in Fairfax, Va., who graduated in 2000 from the University of Virginia in Charlottesville, agrees that experience working with Java and CRM applications is a big asset.

For its part, Northbrook, Ill.-based Allstate Insurance Co. needs software developers who are proficient in C, C++ and C#, as well as Cobol programmers and systems analysts, says senior IT manager Lorraine Bahm.

Charlottesville, Va.-based SNL Securities LLC will hire four or five entry-level IT graduates who have a mix of Web development, Web design and technical support skills, says Barbara Kessler, human resources director at the financial publishing firm. "Some accounting knowledge, such as a class or two," is a big plus for someone who wants to work at a financial services firm, she says.

As companies extend fewer offers to computer science graduates this year, students with relevant internship experience will make a greater impression.

CAMPUS



NEAL FRADER, A SENIOR AT GMU, SAYS HE WAS SURPRISED BY THE FEW JOB HINTS AND REFUSED WHEN HE RECEIVED HIS FIRST OFFER.

PHOTO BY JEFFREY D. STONE

Entry-level IT candidates face a tough market, but there are opportunities out there if you look in the right places. BY JULEKHA DASH

Where the

BUSINESS CAREERS

say employers. A student applying for a position at Fairfax, Va.-based SRA International Inc. should ideally have had an internship at an IT consulting firm or a government contractor, says Amanda Schutz, college recruiting manager at SRA. The IT services firm provides systems integration and consulting services primarily to government agencies.

"If they liked [the internship], then there is a good chance they'll like it at SRA," she says.

Schutz says that SRA will hire 10 college graduates this year, compared with 20 last year. Most of these new recruits will be computer science, electrical engineering or information systems majors, says Schutz, who adds that her firm needs employees with well-rounded technology skills, including hands-on experience with several programming languages, such as Java and C++.

"Most of our contracts are with the government and involve a little bit of everything," in IT, she says, adding that new hires "start with one project and move around the company."

At Oakland, Calif.-based Kaiser Permanente Health Plan Inc., most of the available entry-level IT positions are in the help desk and technical support areas, says Matt Capaci, college and diversity project manager for the company's IT division. Capaci couldn't say how many graduates Kaiser Permanente will add to its 4,000-person IT staff this year.

Downward Mobile

Those students lucky enough to land job offers are seeing lower salaries and fewer perks compared with last year. According to NACE, the average salary offer for a computer science graduate has dropped 3.6% this year (see chart at right).

Lockheed Martin Corp. is "not losing as many students to inflated offers" from competitors this year, says Terri Matzkin, lead recruiter for the Bethesda, Md.-based aerospace and government contractor. While salaries may be "competitive," the company doesn't need to extend other perks — such as signing bonuses — to entice the engineering students it wants to hire, she says.

The economic slowdown forced the company to slash its original college hiring projection in the Washington metropolitan area by 40%, from 227 students to 142, Matzkin says.

Students have been forced to become less picky about quality-of-life issues such as location. In the past, enticing entry-level IT graduates to move to Charlottesville was a problem for SNL, says Kessler. "For someone in a bigger city, coming to Charlottesville is not on their to-do list," she says. And many graduates from the University of Virginia

SLIDING SALARIES

MAJOR: LOGISTICS/MATERIALS MANAGEMENT

AVERAGE OFFER: \$39,826

DROP FROM LAST YEAR: 12.5%

JOB OFFERS: A decrease in the number of available consulting and systems engineering positions accounts for the large salary drop. These jobs average higher salaries than the management-trainee positions that are being offered this year.

MAJOR: COMPUTER SCIENCE

AVERAGE OFFER: \$50,352

DROP FROM LAST YEAR: 3.6%

JOB OFFERS: Many offers have been for software development positions with averages \$54,922. Computer systems design firms, government agencies and aerospace employers have shown the most demand for people to fill these positions.

MAJOR: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

AVERAGE OFFER: \$50,357

DROP FROM LAST YEAR: 3.5%

JOB OFFERS: Positions in design engineering, hardware design and development, and systems engineering account for many of these job offers.

SOURCE: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, BUREAU OF SURVEY, SPRING 2002 SURVEY OF 200 COMPANIES

shunned the idea of remaining in the town of 40,000, she says.

But thanks to the soft labor market, SNL can now draw from a more talented pool of students, says Kessler, who recently waded through more than 100 resumes. "It's a good problem to have," she says.

College seniors and recent graduates recall the not-so-distant past when employers tried to outbid one another to lure IT students.

Two years ago, students "just had to show up for interviews" to find a job, says Neal Frager, an electrical and computer engineering major at Cornell University in Ithaca, N.Y.

Now computer science and other technology majors express fear and anxiety over their job search. "I was nervous last semester and relieved when I got my first offer," says Frager, who accepted a job in technical sales and marketing at Dallas-based Texas Instruments Inc.

Not everyone has been so lucky. After interviewing with about a half-dozen companies, Mike Peoples, a senior majoring in computer science at the University of Pennsylvania, has yet to find a job. When he follows up with employers to find out why he wasn't hired, Peoples says he doesn't get "much of an answer."

Marketing Savvy Required

One reason students are having a tougher time finding work is because their job rivals include not only other seniors, but also recent graduates who were laid off from their first jobs, says Challenger.

Because they're competing for fewer positions, students need a bit of marketing savvy to find work. Students who just "want any job and are not focused on what they want are having more trouble" finding work, says Frager. Companies want to see whether the job candidate will be happy working for the company, since recruiters figure that "if you're happy, then you're more motivated," he says.

Talking about extracurricular activities will help make an impression with recruiters, says Frager. "This allows the recruiter to remember you if he has seen a hundred people in one day," he says. For instance, Frager has listed rock climbing and tennis among his interests on his résumé.

Students should also employ a variety of job search techniques and not limit themselves to just one method, says Dunlap. In addition to interviewing with employers on campus, students should join professional organizations, such as the Association for Women in Computing in San Francisco or the Association of Information Technology Professionals in Park Ridge, Ill., and contact employers directly, according to Dunlap.

Challenger warns students not to rely too much on the Internet for their job searches because it limits critical face-to-face contact. "Sending your résumé [by e-mail] and searching the Web is not the best way" to find a job in a tough climate, he says.

Instead, Challenger stresses the need to network and make use of existing contacts.

"You need to go out and see other graduates (with) job and professors and people in business. See everybody who graduated from your school in the last five years in your area. Most likely, they will be open to seeing you," he says. ♦

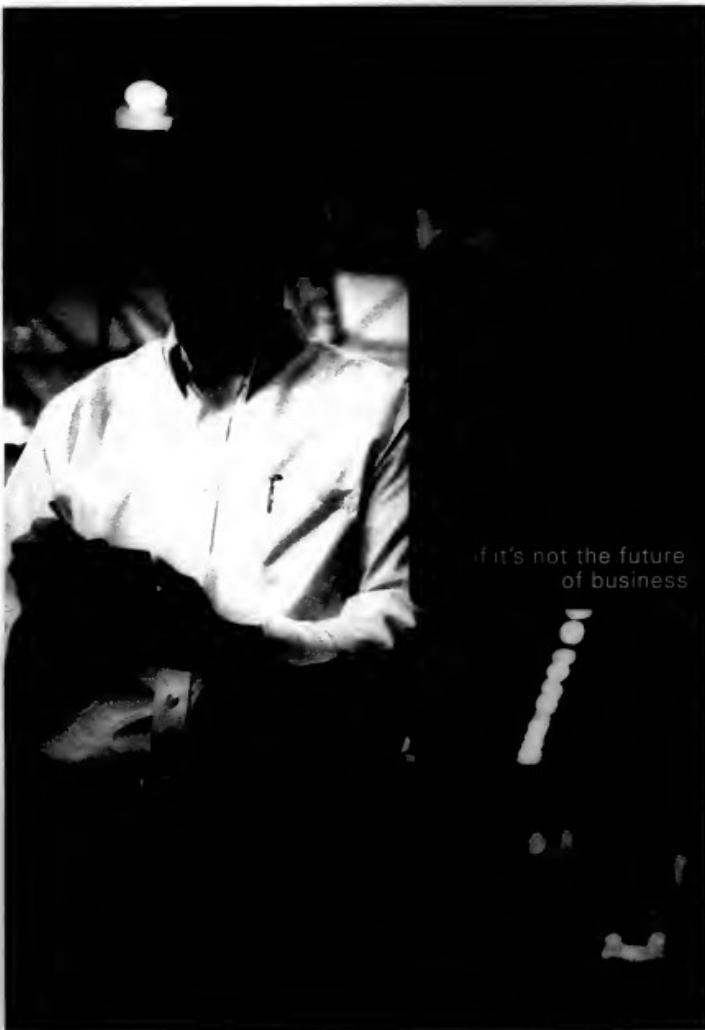
Dash is a freelance writer in Lewes, Del. Contact her at mail@rulekhadash.com.

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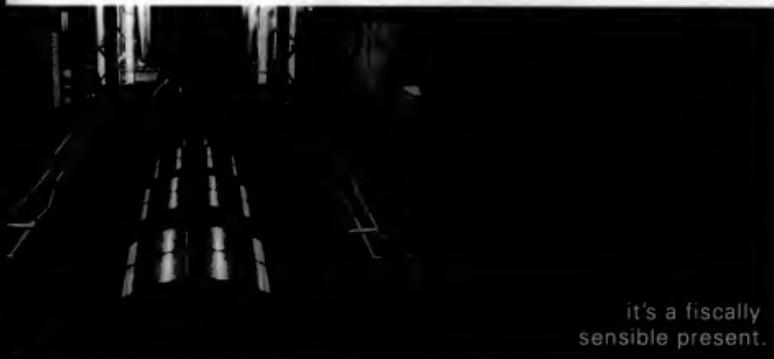
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THERE WAS A TIME when women wore ties. Not anymore. That stays in the '80s.

The style-savvy instructor uses her pointer to illustrate various fashion faux pas. "Never, ever wear white socks with black shoes," she states emphatically.

"Apparently, I need a little help," jokes Todd Thompson, a third-year MIT graduate chemistry student, gazing down at his black shoes and white socks. "And my belt doesn't exactly match my shoes."

Chances are, Thompson's belt/shoes combo won't make or break his career. And many of the courses offered at MIT's annual Charm School — created in 1993 as a way for the school to pique fun at its reputation as a haven for brainy nerds — are clearly just for laughs. But as today's corporations push for ever-improving customer service and expect IT professionals to spend increasing amounts of time with end users and external customers, MIT's daylong program has evolved to offer students some practical lessons in social skills that are likely to come in handy as they enter the job market.

"I think they should mandate Charm School," says Thompson. "They should add a personal hygiene booth."

MIT's Charm School is one of a growing number of programs that, while presented in a lighthearted fashion, are geared toward raising future IT workers' awareness of the need to hone their soft skills, such as communicating with users and working on a team. At several Philadelphia-area colleges and high schools, for instance, workers from Lockheed Martin Corp. teach business etiquette courses to students [QuickLink: 29941]. And as IT becomes ever more closely aligned with core business strategies, even technology veterans are lining up for social development courses. Workers at Woburn, Mass.-based Genuity Inc. and Boston-based Fidelity Investments, for example, have taken "Teaching Techies to Talk," a program offered by New Castle, N.H.-based Loyalty Factor LLC.

"There really is a need for IT," says Calvin Sun, principal of Paoli, Pa.-based consultancy Calvin Sun & Associates, which has taught IT charm school classes at companies such as Philadelphia Gas Works, Triton PCS and Potomac Electric Power Co. Just last

month, he taught the classes at NStar, a Boston-based energy distributor whose CIO has been focused on making the IT division more customer-centric since he was hired last fall after a series of high-profile and controversial blackouts [QuickLink: 27158].

"IT people have to deal with nontechnical people all the time ... [and] they either use jargon and totally confuse the person, or they talk down to the person and insult their intelligence," says Sun. "They're so intent on solving the technical problem that they forget to acknowledge that the customer is frustrated by the technical problem."

CAMPUS

The Skinny on Soft Skills

Just glancing through MIT's Charm School agenda — with courses on topics such as small talk and attentive listening, able manners and connecting with alumni — gives Gil Alterovitz, a second-year health science graduate student, an idea of some of the things he should be paying attention to as he gets ready for the business world.

"As a graduate student, you might be isolated in a lab, so you don't really need [social graces] here. But outside, it's important," Alterovitz explains, after asking the accessories instructor, Sharon Shamir, if it's acceptable to wear a turtle-neck under a sweater. "Normally, it would be embarrassing in ask people, but here, it's OK."

While Alterovitz's inquiry is geared more toward pleasing his girlfriend than a potential employer, he says he's picked up a few valuable lessons at Charm School.

For instance, he learned from the body language session that 60% to 80% of the messages you send are through nonverbal communication. So you might say something, but if you don't look convinced that what you're saying is right, it will be hard to get your point across to co-workers or prospective employers.

Alterovitz is on the right track. Robert Bowman, information manager for Stamford, Conn.-based

Keros Corp.'s developing markets and integrated supply chain division, says communication skills are something he always looks for in new hires.

"Today, a lot of the IT youngsters come out of school with a lot of good school background but not a lot of business knowledge," he says. "Technical competence is outstanding, but if they can't apply it to the business process, they're really limited."

In interviews, Bowman asks students to tell him about times they worked with others to develop solutions. They could be classroom projects or group papers, work experiences or volunteer activities, he says.

Diplomacy is a soft skill that Sharon Karackattu, a second-year MIT biology graduate student, says is critical for the workplace. At Charm School, sessions such as "Working With People You Really Need In Life" or "How to Tell Somebody Something They'd Rather Not Hear" offer student tips on navigating their way through some of the touchier aspects of the business world.

Allison Hemming, president of New York-based recruiting firm The Hired Guns, says one of the most common turnoffs for hiring managers and recruiters is young IT workers who feel that they're doing companies a favor by interviewing with them.

"Confidence in your abilities — you have to have that when you go out on an interview," she says. "But there is a fine line between that and entitlement."

Hemming also suggests videotaping mock interviews with friends and then watching them to see which areas could use improvement.

Luc Lafontan, vice president of corporate technology at New York-based About Inc., suggests that students go to actual interviews for practice. "The advice that I wish someone had given me was you should go on 20 interviews at places that you don't want to work before you go on one where you do want to work," says Lafontan.

Plenty of students break basic social rules, such as keeping cell phones on during exams — and answer-

Schools such as MIT are teaching future IT professionals the finer points of small talk and style savvy. **BY MELISSA SOLOMON**

Miss Manners Meets MIS

BUSINESS CAREERS

ing them, says Simoo Lawrence, an MIT senior majoring in electrical engineering and computer science. One Charm School course, called "Exemplary Locomotion," is a must at MIT, he says. It teaches students how to walk, which might seem like a given, but many students start to hunch forward after trudging around campus with multiple laptops in their knapsacks.

Problem is, the students who are most in need of charm school classes aren't likely to sign up for them, says Laura Noren, a senior comparative media studies and architecture major. "If you still have four laptops in your bag, you're probably in the lab," Noren says.

Many of the students at MIT's Charm School see it as no more than a goofy way to spend a rainy Friday afternoon. They attend their courses with gusto, col-

lecting their credits from instructors so they can earn a bachelor's, master's or doctorate's degree in charm, but they're not really expecting to pick up too many life lessons.

"I don't know how practical it is," says Leah Schmelzer, a senior math major watching the session on how to tie a bow tie. "Some of it's fun, and some of it, you're like, 'OK.'"

When asked what made him and his friends trek to the student union for Charm School, Chris Roberts, a first-year technology and policy graduate student, flashes his saviest smile. "We want to become charming. Is it working?" he asks with a wink.

Despite the stereotype of MIT bookworms, Roberts says he's been pleasantly surprised by the emphasis on working with and giving presentations to other students.

"Technical skills should be a given," Roberts says. "But you need to be able to communicate that work on a team."

Kelly Han, a freshman majoring in brain and cognitive science, had no problem communicating her excitement as she stood atop a bench, whooping it up for her schoolmates as they strung their stuff on the catwalk during the Charm School business fashion show. It was the final event before MIT President Charles M. Vest, clad in a hard hat bearing the school's logo, conferred Charm School degrees on students, following, of course, a kazoo rendition of "Pomp and Circumstance."

"It's my first doctorate," says Han, who learned how to tip a maître d' and to pass the salt counterclockwise in her classes. "It feels good. It was a lot of hard work, though."

JOB HUNT ETIQUETTE 101

1

It may require some extra legwork, but make sure to personalize the salutation in your cover letter, says Alison Hemming, president of recruiting firm The Hired Gun.

2

Show your administrative skills, even if means working in Mom or Dad's store for a while, says Luc LaFonten, vice president of corporate technology at About.com.

3

Take advantage of your alumni network, but don't expect a stranger to help you off the bat, says Hemming. Start with an e-mail or letter asking for an informational phone interview.

4

Demonstrate your eagerness to learn and grow on the job, says Robert Bowman, an information manager at Xerox. Don't expect your first job to be in management.

5

Dress at least one step up on interviews, erring on the side of formality, says Hemming. So if everyone in a company wears khakis, wear a sports jacket. If everyone wears sports jackets, wear a suit.

6

Try to take summer jobs in your discipline to show your commitment to IT, suggests Bowman.

7

Create a job-searching group with friends, where you share ideas about resumes, cover letters and interviews.



MIT'S ANNUAL ONE-DAY CHARM SCHOOL proves fun at the college's reputation for turning out brainy nerds. But it also offers practical lessons in areas such as wardrobe and social etiquette that may come in handy for job-seeking graduates.

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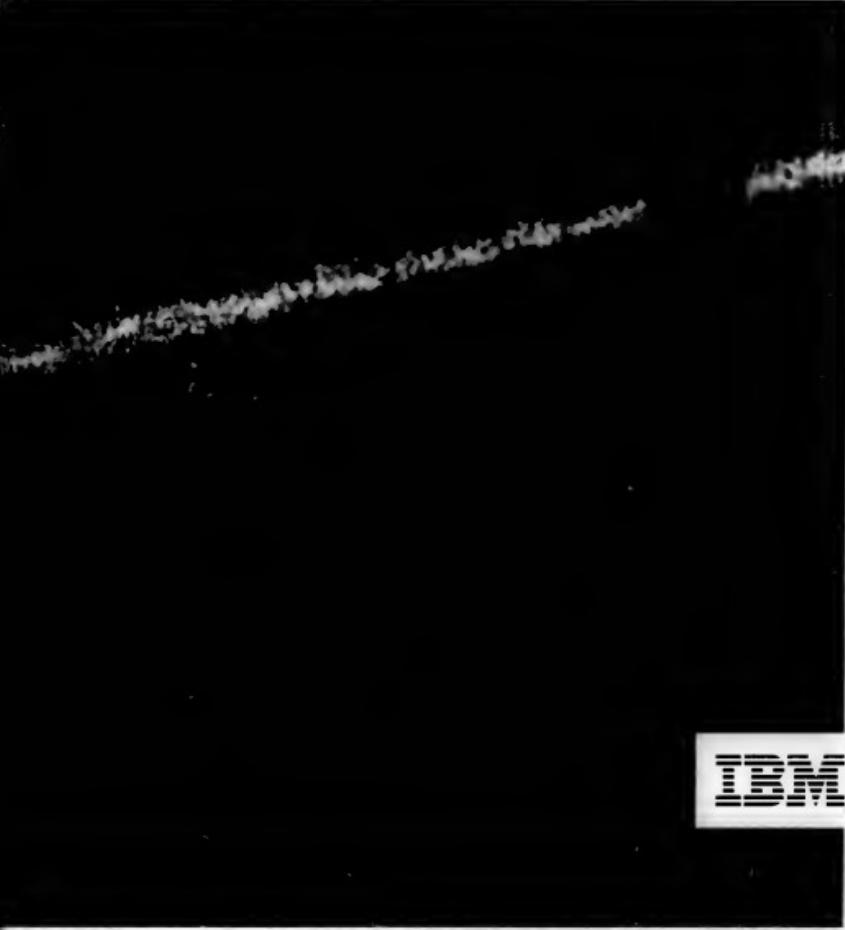
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BUSINESS CAREERS

T'S TOUGH TO COUNSEL patience to eager young people who are steeped in confidence-boasting career advice, their ears ringing with praise: It's tougher still when they came of age in boom times.

All the same, college seniors and master's candidates aiming for IT jobs face a much less welcoming employment scene than their predecessors did just two years ago.

It wasn't so long ago that high-flying dot-coms and even Old Economy players from all corners were tossing fat salaries and hefty bonuses at tech-savvy students. But now, current degree candidates are getting a lesson in the virtues of networking and internships.

CAMPUS

To be sure, fewer entry-level IT candidates spent their spring break sifting through piles of offers.

MIT senior Carlos Armando Garcia, who landed a job at New York-based Merrill Lynch & Co.'s technology group in November, noticed a steep drop-off in employer attendance at campus job fairs. Most notably absent have been venture-capital-fueled start-ups, leaving the field to larger, established companies, according to the electrical engineering and computer science major.

A year or two ago, "about 80% of the companies at MIT's job fairs were software-related companies, start-ups or medium-size companies looking for programmers. They were offering salaries between \$60,000 and \$100,000. Now, the best salary you can get for an undergraduate is about \$55,000," says Garcia, who hooked up with Merrill Lynch at an on-campus technical presentation given by the company.

"There are always opportunities out there, but it's taking longer, and students have to try harder," says Jan Kendall, a career counselor at Boston University who works in BU's science and engineering programs. "Two years ago, strong candidates were getting five and six offers and signing bonuses. Now, it's not at all like that."

Indeed, recruitment is down from its recent peak of 1999 and 2000, says Kendall. "Last year wasn't the greatest, and this year is worse," she adds.

Top or Bottom?

Whether the economy is near the end of a downturn or the beginning of a recovery, it's clearly in low gear. Consequently, IT jobs once thought to be in endless supply are harder to come by.

According to a survey conducted last month by the National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE) in Bethlehem, Pa., companies across the board expect a 36% drop in their hiring of new graduates from all bachelor's programs this year.

Among employer types covered in NACE's winter 2002 salary survey, computer systems design, consulting and programming ranked 16th in terms of the number of job offers, down from 5th in 2001. The category's average starting salary offer also fell from \$47,399 in 2001 to \$46,206 in 2002.

People who hold master's degrees generally step higher onto the IT ladder, given their skills, but they face similarly diminished prospects.

The tight economy means more students are opting to stay in school, which allows them to forestall loan

OCCUPATIONAL STAMINA

Despite the current down market, many occupations with the highest projected growth are in computer-related fields. (In thousands.)

Software engineers, application	380
Software engineers, systems software	214
Systems analysts	258
Elementary school teachers, except special education	202
Network and computer systems administrators	157
Accountants and auditors	161
Computer and information systems managers	150
Management analysts	145
Financial managers	122
Sales managers	112
Computer programmers	95
CEOs	94
Preschool teachers, except special education	65
Securites, commodities, financial services sales agents	62
Medical and health services managers	61

SOURCE: U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS. *BASIC: Employment growth from 2000 to 2010 in selected occupations, including requiring a bachelor's degree or higher plus work experience.

SOURCE: OCCUPATIONAL OUTLOOK QUARTERLY, SPRING 2001/02.

payments and bolster their skills. MIT's popular five-year master's program in electrical engineering and computer science saw a spike in interest from undergraduates looking to stay on this year, according to Garcia.

While the economic slump doesn't change the basic skills required to land work, candidates can gain an edge if they meet employers' demands for technologists who can put IT into business contexts.

Organizational skills are at the top of employers' IT department wish lists, according to a survey by Cambridge, Mass.-based Forrester Research Inc. "By far, project management is top. It's been an issue for years," says analyst Tom Pohlmann. Strategic thinking and planning ranked No. 2 among the desirable skills sought by IT managers, Forrester says.

During the slump, Columbus, Ohio-based financial services giant Nationwide has reduced its hiring of new graduates and is relying more on its college internship program, according to Carolyn Highley, a senior recruiter in the systems departments at both Nationwide Insurance Co. and Nationwide Financial Services Inc. Still, the company hasn't trimmed its internal training programs or tuition reimbursement, she notes.

And, as internal staffers move up, the IT pipeline will continue to be open. "With a company as large as Nationwide, we're going to constantly need new people; we just don't need them in the large numbers that we did before," says Highley.

Favorable Figures

Despite the doom and gloom of the high-tech meltdown, the long-term demand for IT labor remains solid. Of the departments covered in Forrester's report on white-collar personnel management, IT recruited the most and still cited a shortage of qualified candidates, indicating healthy long-term demand.

According to statistics from the U.S. Department of Labor, the U.S. workforce is expected to reach nearly 156 million by 2010, gaining roughly 22 million jobs. Computer and data processing services look to account for about 1.8 million of that increase, growing at a strong 8.6% clip, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. ¶

Bowen is a freelance writer in Boston. Contact him at ted_bowen@hotmail.com.

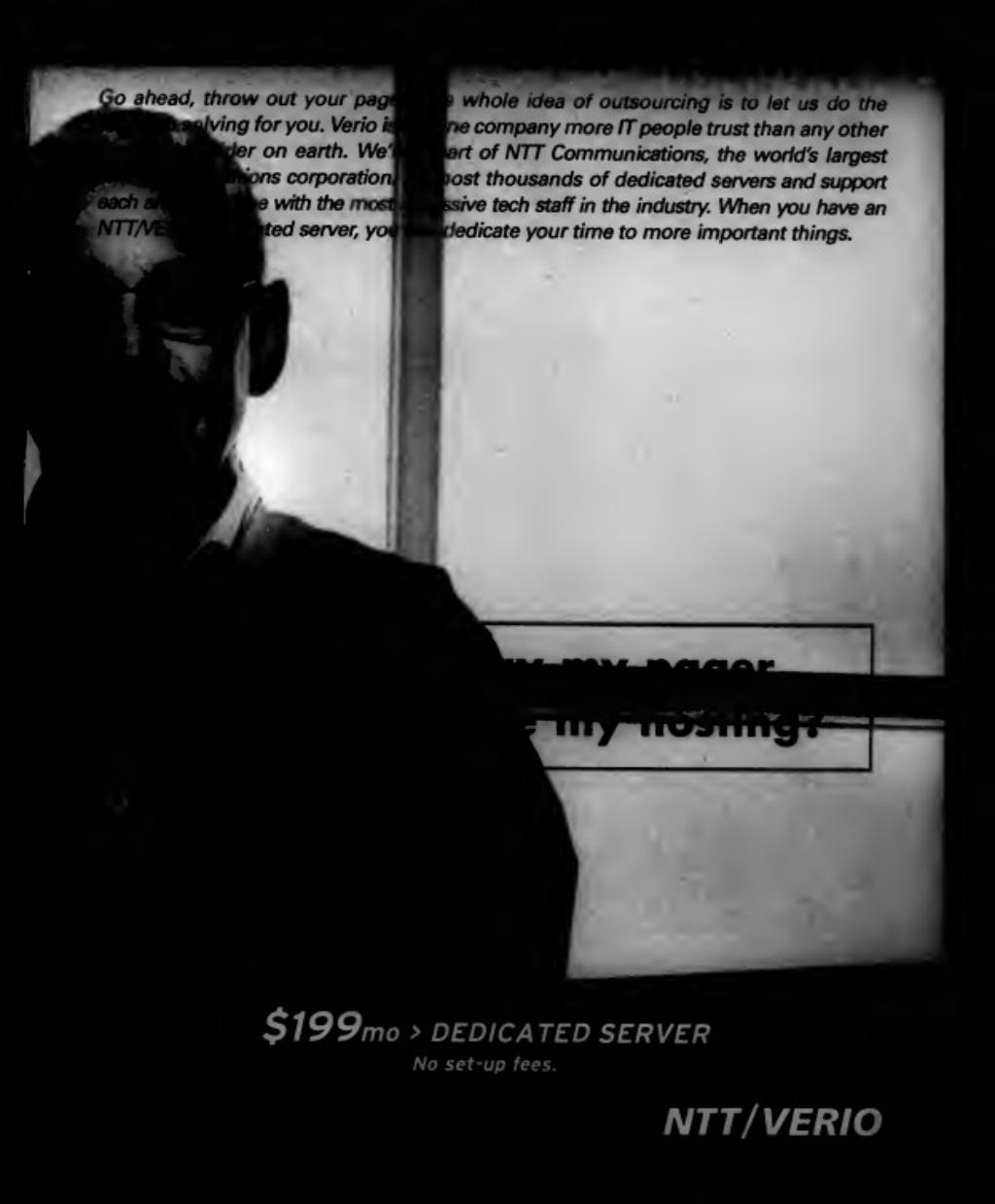
JOB CONNECTIONS

For a listing of various job boards, IT employment Web sites and other related sites of interest, please visit our Web site.

QuickLink: 297455.computerworld.com

At the height of the dot-com frenzy, employers were throwing cash, bonuses and other goodies at college grads. Welcome to the grim economy. BY TED SMALLEY BOWEN

Market Blues



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Leveraging Leasing

In tough times, a growing number of companies are turning to leasing hardware to spread their costs out.

By Barbara DePompa Reimers

BUSINESSES ARE INCREASINGLY lessening hardware as a way to reduce upfront capital expenses while still investing in new technologies to keep pace with their growing competitive needs.

The Equipment Leasing Association's (ELA) fourth-quarter 2000 "Performance Indicators Report" (PIR) reveals an increase in new business leasing volume of almost 13%, compared with the same period in 2000. First-quarter 2002 leasing figures, scheduled to be released this month, also look strong, based on preliminary returns, according to officials at the Arlington, Va.-based ELA. IT leasing makes up about 15% of all types of equipment leasing.

Customers say the benefits of leasing from hardware suppliers directly include regular technology upgrades and less finger-pointing, since the vendor is the single point of contact on both equipment and contract issues. The primary drawbacks are the lack of control associated with own owning the technology and being tied to a single vendor.

Analysts and IT managers agree that leasing hardware can reduce financial roadblocks to investing in big-ticket IT projects (such as enterprise-wide customer relationship management or enterprise resource planning efforts) by spreading out costs over a few years or even skewing them toward the back end of a project instead of swallowing the cost all at once.

In mid-2001, ADP Brokerage Services Group, a division of Roseland, NJ-based Automatic Data Processing Inc., faced such a challenge, which it recently resolved with help from IBM.

Typically, it's cost-prohibitive for a business to replace leased servers. The lease must be paid off in full before new equipment can be purchased or leased. But reliability problems on a variety of Web applications prompted Dennis Noto, ADP's vice president of processing services, to shop around for a new system with better performance and higher

availability. So ADP tapped IBM, which settled four leases for servers from Sun Microsystems Inc. and storage equipment from EMC Corp. and other vendors. Then IBM replaced ADP's old equipment with its own servers/Shark hardware.

Through the arrangement with IBM, ADP has decreased its monthly lease expenses by 25% and gained three times the performance of the previous systems, says Noto.

Off the Books

Companies typically take advantage of leasing to get costly hardware assets off the books, says Ralph Petta, vice president of industry services at the ELA. IT hardware is the most popular leased item after transportation equipment because it depreciates and becomes obsolete faster than other assets, he says.

"It makes sense for companies to lease IT assets from finance companies and take advantage of regular upgrades," as opposed to determining how to get rid of older equipment or interrupting business

operations to shift to new servers, Petta says.

The financial problems besetting third-party lessors such as Comdisco Inc., which has filed for bankruptcy protection, may have some managers concerned that the leasing industry is shriveling away. While the industry's situation isn't that dire, independent lessors have suffered because "as product cycles have accelerated, it has become increasingly difficult for these lessors to profitably resell 3-year-old leased technology," says Rob Schaefer, program director at Meta Group Inc. in Stamford, Conn.

But that doesn't mean leasing isn't popular. "We decreased our hardware costs by 70% and increased our server capacity by 30%" over the past year, thanks to a new leasing arrangement, says Dan Agronow, vice president of technology at Weather.com in Atlanta. Weather.com switched from a Sun Solaris platform to an IBM/iSeries environment running Linux and WebSphere.

In the beginning, Agronow replaced about 12 big database servers (Sun 45 Servers that cost about \$50,000 each) with 22 leaner-costly Netfinity servers (at about \$7,500 each) and got the same performance for \$435,000 less. The company now leases multiple IBM iSeries servers running database, content, image, Common Gateway Interface and Web-logging applications.

The potential disadvantage of being locked into a single vendor doesn't bother Noto or Agronow. Says Agronow, "I have no worries about what to do with older technology, and the homogeneous environment is much easier to manage than a heterogeneous environment."

DePompa is a writer and editor in Germantown, Md. Contact her at bdepompa@aol.com.

Choosing a Financing Provider

VENDOR LESSORS

PROS: These lessors are most familiar with the vagaries of IT leasing, including software and services.

SERVICE PROVIDERS

PROS: They possess a strong focus on the service segment of an IT project.

FINANCIAL SERVICES INSTITUTIONS

PROS: These providers have deep pockets, aggressive rates and initial negotiating flexibility.

COMMERCIAL BANKS

PROS: They offer loans to all kinds of businesses.

CONS: With the exception of IBM Global Financing Services, which has \$40 billion in assets, few of these lessors possess the resources to finance hardware, software and services, and often subcontract to third-party lessors. These handoffs can result in more finger-pointing and confusion and less direct contact with the hardware manufacturer.

CONS: They can have relatively inflexible terms and conditions.

CONS: Most possess limited IT-specific expertise because, typically, they are generic financing organizations.

CONS: These providers are usually the least attractive, because they're considered conservative, non-IT-focused generic lessors, typically with less-aggressive rates and inflexible terms and conditions.

BUSINESS CAREERS

Alphabet Soup: CIO Becomes COI, Starts Supervising CFO

A-dec has turned its management structure on its ear

BY MARK HALL

No matter what anyone says, titles matter. They send a message about the job — and the person doing it.

"If you've got a CIO title, people think you're a computer guy," says Charles Cook, vice president and general manager at A-dec Inc. in Newberg, Ore. But the maker of dental office furniture and equipment wants

ed an executive to oversee more than just IT. "We want someone to identify and streamline all of our information needs. That's why the title is chief of information," says Cook.

The new position, created in a companywide reorganization in February, puts Keith Beardson, A-dec's former CIO, in the unique role of COI.

"I've seen CIO titles, of course, but not COI," observes W. Scott Sherman, a professor at the Graziadio School of Business and Management at Pepperdine University in Calver City, Calif. "It's clearly a ti-

tle that means information means something special to the company."

Cook underscores that point. "We want to keep the reality of information's importance to the business in the forefront," he says.

To that end, as part of the reorganization, Cook has A-dec's chief financial officer reporting to Beardson, a structure that Sherman says he's never seen before.

But Cook, who is the sole executive reporting to the company's owners, has specific reasons for putting his CFO under the COI, who is now on par with Cook's other direct reports — including the vice presidents of manufacturing, human resources, sales

and product development.

A-dec is privately held, and at a privately held company, the CFO doesn't have treasury duties — such as filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission — that a public-company CFO would shoulder, says Cook. But he also points out that financial information is just that: information. It's used to make decisions like manufacturing or sales-order information."

CFO Alan Steiger says he's happy with the choice of Beardson as his boss. Steiger, who had been on a peer level with Beardson, says he's looking forward to redesigning some of the IT reporting systems for finance to help improve A-dec's budgeting process.

Beardson says he and Steiger "have a great working relationship, and where he is looking to me for as a boss is really the strategic direction of how information fits into the company and more specifically where financial information fits."

Cook considers the new position a tough one. "Keith's challenge will be to understand our information needs in totality and how to get information in and out of the right departments in an economic and complete way," he says. "He needs to look at information holistically in the way we run the business."

Cook says that Beardson was right for the job because he has "proven auditing skills, which will come in handy" for looking at how different department data silos can relate to one another. ▶

BEARDON: A-dec's chief of information.

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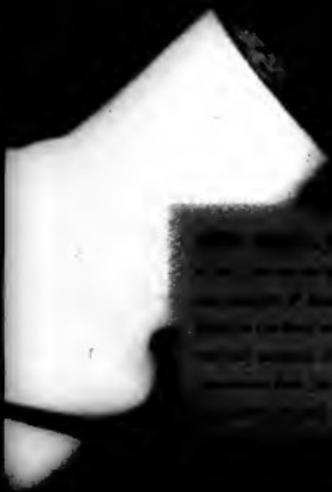
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yA

COMPUTER SERVICES

Dear Career Adviser:

I am a chemical process-control consulting engineer, who has spent much time programming — for example, in Perl, C, Fortran, Mathematica, FoxPro and proprietary controller RT languages. I am contemplating a career change from process-control consulting to engineering/scientific programming at a large chemical or petroleum refiner. I have five years of post-

graduate experience involving programming and worked overseas as an engineering intern for six months. How do I get from here to there?

— LOOKING AROUND

Dear Recipient:

You might consider shifting your skills from chemical process control to electronic design automation (EDA), which is a fundamental underlying technology that has held up very well in this recession and continues to garner significant investment dollars," counsels Ted Miracco, executive vice president of Applied Wave Research Inc. in El Segundo, Calif. Applied Wave specializes in software used to design the chips that go inside cell phones and other wireless technologies.

From a skills perspective, transitioning to EDA requires a move from structured programming (Fortran, C) to object-oriented programming (C++) and scripting languages such as JavaScript, Perl and Visual Basic.

Since the focus of EDA is on electromagnetics, you will also need to show that you can turn scientific equations into usable code that permits simulations to automate the design process and that you can create applets that

step users through the process. But since you already have the discipline to do programming in the chemical-process arena, you certainly would have the ability to translate formulas into software.

Finally, investigate EDA as a move to expand your career choices. EDA is used to design all of the chips produced by the semiconductor industry. And even in bust times, semiconductor and electronics companies still need to invest in their design tools.

Dear Career Adviser:

I'm a software engineering recruiter with five years of experience, working mostly on the permanent placement side. However, I am seeing more new openings on the contract side at the moment and wonder whether I should pursue recruiting on the contracting rather than the permanent side.

— WHAT'S INVOLVED

Dear Involved:

Companies are generally more will-

ing to hire contract employees when the economy is recovering, as seems the case now.

But before you decide to make a change, you might be wise to do a lot more homework, advises Herb Tieger, president of Campbell, Calif.-based Pacific Netsoft Inc., an IT contracting firm.

Even though you might be excited by a \$50-per-hour differential between the "bill rate," the rate the client pays, vs. the "pay rate," the rate your contractor earns, these margins get eaten up quickly.

"Involved will have to arrange to payroll her contractors, handle their Social Security and FICA contributions, never mind other basic statutory coverages such as unemployment insurance, worker's compensation and disability insurances," says Tieger.

Plus, you might find yourself pitted against already entrenched consulting firms with years in the business or footing the bill to cover the interest on money you will need to pay your contractors out of the fees your clients pay you, he adds.

And there are other considerations. You might need insurance coverage against the employment practices of the companies hiring contractors, fidelity bonds to cover contractors working on financial systems, and errors and omissions insurance to cover the potential "malpractice" of the technical consultant, according to Tieger.

Ultimately, instead of beginning your own consulting agency, you might be better off setting up your contractors to be paid either through another more established company or a professional employment organization until you know for certain that your contracting business will succeed, Tieger advises. ■

BRIEFS

Survey: Internet, Software Are Top Growth Sectors

CEOs believe that the Internet, software and life sciences industries will offer the greatest revenue growth potential in the coming year, according to a poll in Deloitte & Touche LLP's

Fast 500 Index. The CEOs also predicted that North America will lead the world in terms of growth and opportunities in the overall high-tech marketplace.

CIO Survey: Tech Spending Rebound Still A Year Off

Regardless of any general economic improvements, IT spending isn't expected to

rebound this year, warned executives from Merrill Lynch & Co. during a briefing held in New York last week.

IT spending on voice over IP, security, videoconferencing and Linux is expected to grow over the next several years, according to a recent survey of 74 U.S. and European CIOs that Merrill Lynch conducted.

Storage, customer relationship management and systems integration are likely to experience marginal growth this year, said Merrill Lynch analyst Steve Milenkovich.

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The image shows the classic Intel Inside logo, which consists of the words "intel inside" in a stylized font inside a circular swirl. Below it is a smaller label that reads "pentium® III".

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TECHNOLOGY

THIS WEEK

FIELD REPORT: VOIP

IP telephone promises to save money and improve service, but plenty of obstacles remain before users can take full advantage of converged voice, data and video services. **PAGE 50**



QUICKSTUDY

Anti-aliasing (right) smooths out the jagged or stair-stepped look (middle) of diagonal (left) and curved lines in computer graphics. Find out how it works. **PAGE 54**

HANDS ON

If you're planning to exchange data with a business partner, chances are it will be in XML. Unfortunately, XML's greatest strength — its self-describing nature — is also a serious security vulnerability. **PAGE 55**

FUTURE WATCH

For years, users have had poor privacy and security protections because encryption technology has been hard to use. New techniques will change that and make encryption easy enough to attract most users. **PAGE 56**

SECURITY JOURNAL

When a test installation of a wireless LAN leaves his network exposed, security manager Mathias Thurman decides on a layered security design. **PAGE 57**

NICHOLAS PETRELEY

IT From Planet Bizarro

I HAVE ALWAYS LOVED comic books and old science fiction movies. I wasn't a big fan of Superman, but I liked the stories about the planet Bizarro. Bizarro was an opposite world, where people set their alarm clocks to ring when it was time to go to sleep. And for some reason I never quite understood, the Bizarro people all talked like Sesame Street's Cookie Monster: "Me want cookie."

As for old science fiction movies, one of my favorites is the 1956 version of *Invasion of the Body Snatchers*, starring Kevin McCarthy.

The plot revolves around seed pods that replace people with identical-looking but emotionless drones. The transformation occurs when the victim falls asleep near a pod.

I've only recently discovered that these two seemingly unrelated yarns are actually halves of a single reality that's unfolding before our eyes. I'm convinced that aliens are hiding seed pods near our beds, gradually replacing us with Bizarro versions of ourselves as we sleep.

I should have noticed something was wrong about five years ago when Oracle, IBM and others tried to promote network computing. IT decision-makers reasoned, "We can spend \$5 million in 10 years with network computing solution, or we can spend \$10 million in five years with high-powered PCs on desktops. We save money by purchasing PCs and upgrading every two years so workers can play solitaire and write e-mail faster!"

That business strategy always struck me as rather odd — not to mention the poor grammar. But I wrote off this blatant waste of resources to an effective Microsoft propaganda campaign against network computing. I drew back into a state of complacency until people started speaking positively of a new technology trend called grid, or utility, computing.

By itself, grid computing makes perfect sense. But when I heard people talk about basing their computer grids on desktop computers, something didn't seem right. The idea is to be able to add and redistribute computing resources by siphoning computing power from hundreds or even thousands of unsuspecting users. I know it's supposed to leverage unused CPU cycles, but I couldn't help but think of it as a managed distributed denial-of-service attack. As crazy an idea as it was, it wasn't quite the kind of insanity usually produced by the well-documented mind-

control rays that emanate from Redmond.

Then I suddenly saw the connection. Grid computing is a logical continuation of the Bizarro decision to reject network computing. "Me waste big money on thousands of PCs with super-duper processors and waste more money managing all these PCs. What do we now? Replace PCs with network computers, simplify management and stop expensive upgrade cycle? No, I save money by adding new complicated software to PCs to off-load server processing to over-powered desktops. Me have more software to manage, more things to break and thousands more potential security holes!"

How many chief technology officers had fallen asleep with Bizarro pods under their beds? And how far had this spread? I had to know. Then I read a review of Onset Technology Inc.'s METAMessage (www.metamessage.com). Here, at last, was irrefutable proof that the invasion had spread even to vendors. Look at the problem METAMessage addresses: People often want to share information by sending e-mails with attached spreadsheets or other complex documents. Unfortunately, many wireless handheld devices can't read or decode these attachments.

There's no reason why productivity applications can't convert and mail complex documents as HTML. Some already do. Make it company policy, and the problem is solved. The folks at METAMessage, however, said, "We solve problem by selling \$2,000 server and extra handheld software. User clicks on attachment, handheld e-mails spreadsheet to server, server converts spreadsheet to HTML or text, and e-mails new message back to handheld! Me customers save money by paying for more servers, software and wireless traffic! Users save time by waiting for attachments to go to the server, get translated and returned as HTML!"

So, listen to me before it's too late! You're in danger. Can't you see? The Bizarro pods are after you. They're after all of us. You're next!



NICHOLAS PETRELEY
is a computer security consultant.
He can be reached at nicholas@petreley.com.

Overview: Voice Over IP

THE GOOD

- Consolidates the enterprise network infrastructure.
- Allows easier moves, adds and changes.
- Can consolidate enterprise voice traffic onto a wide-area network, replacing off-premises lines and the lines provided by telecommunications companies.
- Allows easier integration of voice for all customers and other applications.

THE BAD

- Installation costs are the same or more than for a PBX.
- Systems still lack many features found in PBXs.
- Analog integration can be problematic.
- Constraints with the required voice and data experiences are in short supply.
- Standards for powering phones over Ethernet, such as IEEE 802.3af, are still evolving.

DEPLOYMENT TIPS

- Start planning now. All LAN/WAN upgrades should take voice into account.
- Phase it in. Starting with a small branch-office installation allows staff to gradually move up to speed on IP telephony technology.
- Hire an expert. A good consultant will have experience in both the voice and data worlds.
- Change your infrastructure. Older LAN cabling that works fine for data may fail for voice applications. Wiring closets may require extra power and cooling.
- Be aware your WAN can become slow. Latency and bandwidth considerations may make running voice over the corporate WAN unworkable.
- Get what you need. Features vary widely, so make sure the ones your users need are supported.

BEST PRACTICE

- For test installations in branch offices with off-the-shelf LAN infrastructures and for installations that don't need more sophisticated PBX features.
- As a replacement for Centrex and smaller key systems.

By Robert L. Mitchell

TECHNOLOGY

Crossing the Voice/Data Divide

TECH CHECK

TO HEAR VENDORS TALK ABOUT IT, you'd think IP telephony in the enterprise was a tsunami about to break across corporate America. Indeed, traditional private branch exchange (PBX) vendors, initially caught off guard by IP telephony initiatives launched by data networking companies such as Cisco Systems Inc. in the late 1990s, have now embraced the technology as a way to boost moribund PBX sales.

But make no mistake; IP telephony is still very much an emerging technology. "We're slightly beyond the early-adopter stage, but not much beyond that," says Darrell Epps, a manager at integrator NextivaOne LLC in Houston. The truth behind the numbers is that most deployments are limited to so-

called greenfield installations in branch offices where IT managers can safely experiment. And these early users say, the state of the technology and the technical implications of layering voice traffic over existing data networks necessitate careful planning.

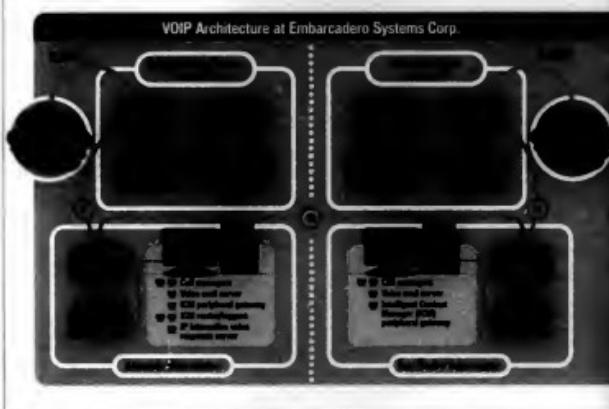
The traditional PBX system consists of a circuit switch, port cards that connect digital and analog telephones with interface tie lines and the public switched network, and call processing software. IP telephony breaks this apart.

In an IP telephone configuration, circuit switching becomes IP packet routing, which is coordinated by a call-processing server on the LAN. Voice traffic moves through the data network's Ethernet switches and routers, which are configured to give voice packets priority. IP telephones plug into the IP LAN and typically include a built-in hub for sharing the desktop computer's network connection. Finally, gateways to external connections may be embedded in routers or function as stand-alone network devices.

A hybrid configuration can extend the life of lega-

FIELD REPORT

VOIP Architecture at Embarcadero Systems Corp.



Talking

TECHNOLOGY

cy PBXs by using special port cards to allow IP phone connections. However, voice traffic remains circuit-switched on the back end, so organizations won't see the full benefits of a converged voice/data network.

IP's Advantages

IP telephony technology has several advantages over PBXs. Users can move their IP phones to any office with a LAN jack and receive their calls without making any back-end or wiring closet changes. IT can build and maintain a single cable system where two existed before. Management and support can be consolidated. If the corporate WAN can support voice traffic, interoffice calls can be routed through it, replacing expensive tie lines (which connect PBXs) and off-premise station lines.

But most users say the real benefits will come as call center software and other applications evolve to take full advantage of converged voice, data and video

services. "It's a good thing for us to get our foot in the door," says Ray Cowley, senior vice president at KeyCorp in Cleveland, which recently installed a Cisco AVVID system in 12 new KeyBank branch offices.

So, what's missing? IP telephony LANs generally

don't offer the same range of advanced call-processing features as traditional PBXs, says Karen Simpson, an analyst at Stamford, Conn.-based Gartner Inc. Standards are also lacking. Most vendors still push proprietary phones that use their own call control protocols, while paying lip service to industry standards such as H.323 and the Session Initiation Protocol.

And while traditional PBXs power digital phones over voice circuits and can provide centralized backup power for several hours, each vendor uses its own proprietary technology to do so across the IP LAN. Standards are evolving, but the current lack of interoperability locks users into buying all core components, from IP phones to gateways to call pro-

cessing servers, from a single vendor or its licensees. Users have also faced installation issues, particularly in connecting with the analog world. "We had a lot of gyrations to get analog circuits and fax machines to work," says Cowley.

Despite these issues, users are generally bullish on IP telephony. "You've got to get out there and get your teams exposed to this," Cowley says.

Eventually, analysts say, IP telephony will be just another set of applications running over the enterprise network. But today, notes Cowley, "there's a lot of tweaking to try to work through some of the issues." ▶

BRANCH-OFFICE BOTTLENECK?

KeyCorp decided to bank on IP telephony and had to implement it for 900 branch offices. Check out the deployment snapshot. [QuickLink 299463](#)

Get up to speed quickly with the fast listing of links to informative sites, plus a rundown on IP telephony vendors. [QuickLink 299465](#)

Find a consultant? Finding the right one may be critical - and difficult. [QuickLink 299461](#)
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Short-term Pain, Long-term Gain



Who they are: A provider of shipping terminal management services and cargo management systems.

IT goal: Replace aging Nortel Networks L1M. Mendis private branch exchanges

(PBX) in 20 locations with an IP telephony system running over a Cisco Systems Inc. network infrastructure. Replace the Nortel automatic call distribution (ACD) center with an IP-based application.

Strategy: Implement Cisco-based IP telephony and ACD software that works with the recently upgraded data network infrastructure.

Challenges: Cisco is still learning telephony, and it shows, says John Montgomery, chief technology officer at Embascadero. "We ran into some technical issues trying to duplicate some very simple [PBX] features, and it stemmed from [Cisco's] lack of knowledge in that area," he says. That created disruptions for end users, who are now wary of the technology. "There were a lot more hidden costs, and [end-user] pain is one of those," Montgomery says.

Finding knowledgeable help to deploy the system was also a problem. When Montgomery hired a Cisco-recommended integrator, the firm had insufficient experience to deal with the deployment issues.

"They took off in the middle of the implementation and left us high and dry," he says. His advice to others considering voice over IP: "Make sure you have a very experienced third party to implement it."

Legacy terminals were another problem. The company's HP 3000

uses a proprietary protocol that requires special routing. Cisco switches couldn't support IP voice and data packets and the terminal protocol at the same time. "When you have older technology, it's tough to make it work with the old staff work," Montgomery says.

Results: Montgomery implemented the system in three new locations and has fully implemented the system in the firm's data center.

One old call center is also online, but he has decided not to proceed further at this time. "It works, but it's really complicated to implement," he says.

Benefits: "The short-term investment is not as rewarding as we expected," says Montgomery, who sees IP telephony's benefits as more of a long-term proposition. "The value has diminished somewhat, given that we're not deploying it everywhere, but eventually it will add value." Montgomery says the alternative - investing in a new digital PBX - makes little sense. "I don't think companies have a choice but to go in this direction." It works, he says.

Comments: "Don't let future capabilities overshadow your ROI concerns, or you may be disappointed," warns Montgomery. "I'm telling you that we made a mistake. If I could do it over, I would focus on the fundamentals and make sure they worked." Still, he says IP telephony is the right way to go, he just moved too quickly. "I think maybe we were more on the bleeding edge," Montgomery says, "and I don't like being there." His advice: Wait six months to a year "so that the technology can catch up."

Phasing In IP Telephony



Who they are: An online financial services vendor.

IT goal: Create a unified network infrastructure in a new building with IP telephony support for 1,000 users.

Strategy: Replace Nortel Networks Ltd. PBXs with Cisco Systems Inc.'s AVVID IP telephony system and voice mail server. Implement fully redundant call processing servers, voice mail servers and gateways. Configure virtual LANs to separate voice and data traffic.

Challenges: "We've been pretty fortunate in that we haven't had any major issues," says chief network architect Robindo Garcia.

Results: Seven hundred employees have been using IP phones at headquarters for about one year, but Garcia left the call center running off the legacy PBX. He says he's hoping to get the call center on the IP network by midsummer.

Benefits: "You don't need a huge room for telephone equipment," Garcia says. "This has all its into one rack vs. half a room for Nortel, [and] you can leverage the open architecture."

Comments: "Fast and foremost, you need a sturdy network," advises Garcia. "If it's not stable, you'll see it right away with latency and jitter. Secondly, go in a phased approach. Try not to do the whole company in one shot."

in Packets

Field Report continues on page S2

Overview: Voice Over IP

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- Analog integration can be problematic.
- Consultants with the required voice and data experience are in short supply.
- Standards for powering phones over Ethernet, such as call control protocols, are still evolving.

DEPLOYMENT TIPS

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- Get what you need. Features vary widely, so make sure the ones your users need are supported.

BEST FIT TODAY

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- As a replacement for Centrex and smaller key systems.

By Robert L. Mitchell

Crossing the Voice/Data Divide

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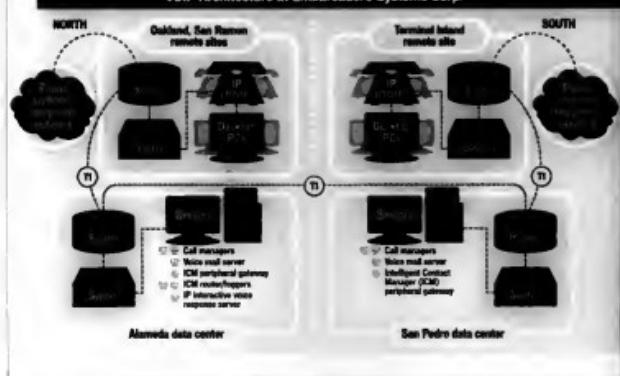
The traditional PBX system consists of a circuit switch, port cards that connect digital and analog telephones with interface jacks and the public switched network, and call processing software. IP telephony breaks this apart.

In an IP telephony configuration, circuit switching becomes IP packet routing, which is coordinated by a call-processing server on the LAN. Voice traffic moves through the data network's Ethernet switches and routers, which are configured to give voice packets priority. IP telephones plug into the IP LAN and typically include a built-in hub for sharing the desktop computer's network connection. Finally, gateways between external connections may be embedded in routers or function as stand-alone network devices.

A hybrid configuration can extend the life of legacy

FIELD REPORT

VOIP Architecture at Embarcadero Systems Corp.



Talking

TECHNOLOGY

by PBXs by using special port cards to allow IP phone connections. However, voice traffic remains circuit-switched on the back end, so organizations won't see the full benefits of a converged voice/data network.

IP's Advantages

IP telephony technology has several advantages over PBXs. Users can move their IP telephones to any office with a LAN jack and receive their calls without making any back-end or wiring closet changes. IT can build and maintain a single cable system where two existed before. Management and support can be consolidated. And if the corporate WAN can support voice traffic, interoffice calls can be routed through it, replacing expensive tie lines (which connect PBXs) and off-premise station lines.

But most users say the real benefits will come as call center software and other applications evolve to take full advantage of converged voice, data and video

services. "It's a good thing for us to get our foot in the door," says Ray Crowley, senior vice president at Key-Corp in Cleveland, which recently installed a Cisco AVVID system in 12 new KeyBank branch offices.

So, what's amiss? IP telephony LANs generally don't offer the same range of advanced call-processing features as traditional PBXs, says Karen Simpson, an analyst at Stamford, Conn.-based Gartner Inc. Standards are also lacking. Most vendors still push proprietary phones that use their own call control protocols, while piping lip service to industry standards such as H.323 and the Session Initiation Protocol.

And while traditional PBXs power digital phones over voice circuits and can provide centralized backup power for several hours, each vendor uses its own proprietary technology to do so across the IP LAN. Standards are evolving, but the current lack of interoperability locks users into buying all core components, from IP phones to gateways in call pro-

cessing servers, from a single vendor or its licensees.

Users have also faced installation issues, particularly in connecting with the analog world. "We had a lot of gyrations to get analog circuits and fax machines to work," says Crowley.

Despite these issues, users are generally bullish on IP telephone. "You've got to get out there and get your teams exposed to this," Crowley says.

Eventually, analysts say, IP telephony will be just another set of applications running over the enterprise network. But today, notes Crowley, "there's a lot of tweaking to try to work through some of the issues." ■

BRANCH-OFFICE BOTTLENECK?

KeyCorp decided to turn an IP telephone and had to implement it for 500 branch offices. Check out this delayed snapshot. **QuickLink:** [29563](#)

Get up to speed quickly with this listing of links to informative sites, plus a rundown on IP telephone vendors. **QuickLink:** [29565](#)

Need a consultant? Finding the right one may be critical—and difficult. **QuickLink:** [29561](#)

[www.computerworld.com](#)

Short-term Pain, Long-term Gain



■ Who they are: A provider of shipping terminal management services and cargo management systems.

■ IT goal: Replace aging Nortel Networks Ltd. Morden private branch exchanges.

(PBX) in 20 locations, with an IP telephony system running over a Cisco Systems Inc. network infrastructure. Replace the Nortel automatic call distribution (ACD) center with an IP-based application. ■

■ Strategy: Implement Cisco-based IP telephony and ACD software that works with the recently upgraded data network infrastructure.

■ Challenges: Cisco is still learning telephony, and it shows, says John Montgomery, chief technology officer at Embarcadero. "We ran into some technical issues trying to duplicate some very simple [PBX] features, and it stemmed from [Cisco's] lack of knowledge in that area," he says. That created disruptions for end users, who are new wary of the technology. "There were a lot more hidden costs, and [end user] pain is one of those," Montgomery says.

Finding knowledgeable help to deploy the system was also a problem. When Montgomery hired a Cisco-recommended integrator, the firm had insufficient expertise to deal with the deployment issues.

"They took us in the middle of the implementation and left us high and dry," he says. His advice to others considering voice over IP: "Make sure you have a very experienced third party to implement it."

Legacy terminals were another problem. The company's HP 3000

uses a proprietary protocol that requires special routing. Cisco switches couldn't support IP voice and data packets and the terminal protocol at the same time. "When you have older technology, it's tough to make sure all the old stuff works," Montgomery says.

■ Benefits: Montgomery implemented the system in three new locations and has partially implemented the system in the firm's old center. One of two call centers is also online, but he has decided not to proceed further at this time. "It works, but it's really complicated to implement," he says.

■ Benefits: "The short-term investment is not as rewarding as we expected," says Montgomery, who sees IP telephony's benefits as more of a long-term proposition. "The value has diminished some, given that we're not deploying it everywhere, but hopefully it will add value." Montgomery says the alternative - investing in a new digital PBX - makes little sense. "I don't think companies have a choice but to go in this direction." ■

■ Comments: "Don't let future capabilities overshadow your ROI concern, or you may be disappointed," warns Montgomery. "I'm telling you that we made a mistake. It could cost us over. I would focus on the fundamentals and make sure they worked." Still, he says, IP telephony is the right way to go. He adjusted fast: quickly, "I think maybe we were more on the bleeding edge," Montgomery says, "and I don't like being that." His advice: Wait six months to a year "so that the technology can catch up."

Phasing In IP Telephony



■ Who they are: An online financial services vendor.

■ IT goal: Create a unified network infrastructure in a new building with IP telephony support for 1000 users.

■ Strategy: Replace Nortel Networks Ltd. PBXs with Cisco Systems Inc.'s AVVID IP-telephony system and voice real server. Implement fully redundant call processing servers, voice mail servers and gateway. Configure virtual LANs to separate voice and data traffic.

■ Challenges: "We've been pretty fortunate in that we haven't had any major issues," says chief network architect Roberto Garcia.

■ Results: Seven hundred employees have been using IP phones at headquarters for about one year, but Garcia left the call center running off the legacy PBX. He says he'll be getting the call center on the IP network by mid-June.

■ Benefits: "You don't need a huge room for telephony equipment," Garcia says. "The all fits into one rack - half a room for Nortel, [and] you can manage the open architecture."

■ Comments: "First and foremost, you need a sturdy network," advises Garcia. "It's not stable; you'll see it right away with latency and jitter. Secondly, go in a phased approach. Try not to do the whole company in one shot."

Field Report continues on page 52

in Packets

FIELD REPORT Talking in Packets

Continued from page 51

Culture Clash

FIELD NOTES

When voice and data technologies converge, the groups that support them often do as well. For both sides, the process can be a culture shock, IT managers say. The data side needs to learn analog circuits, telephone and voice mail, while voice technicians must understand data networking and routing technologies.

"Technicians must also understand the implications of a converged network," says analyst Karen Simpson at Stamford, Conn.-based Gartner Inc., citing one client's experience. "One technician decided to take a server down at 10 p.m. to do some network change, and he brought the whole voice and data network down. He put in the wrong routing, and they were out of phones for four hours," she says Bill Miller, desktop services manager for Nevada County, Calif., merged his own telecommunications and support staffs and says, "The learning curve for the traditional desktop support person to go to the telephone side is very minimal. It's more difficult for the voice side to go over to the data, because they're not in tune with the routers, gateways and edge LAN equipment."

"The staff that has more voice experience is still the weaker of my network analysts," says John Montgomery, chief technology officer at Alameda, Calif.-based Embarcadero Systems Corp. He adds that some problems that voice technicians used to address now must be handled on his AVID system by more experienced network engineers.

Nevada County CIO Steve Monahan says cross-training actually makes it easier to retain telecommunications support staff. "We had problems getting new young talent to work on telecom — they all want to be computer guys," he says. "Now they're jazzed."

And once technicians are trained, end users are the winners, says Miller. "Our network and PC guys are new phone guys," he says. "We just increased the level of support staff that can support our clients with the new phone system."

Implementation Plans

Ninety-two of 290 enterprises surveyed said that they had begun implementing IP telephony systems. Decision-makers at those 92 companies rated 60% of the offices associated with their enterprises as "very likely" or "somewhat likely" to implement IP LAN telephony by 2005.



Source: InfoTech, February 2001

Voice, Data Vendors Face Off

Your data network infrastructure is a Cisco shop, your telephony group swears by Nortel. Which vendor should supply your IP telephony system? While Cisco and 3Com both came to market early with IP telephony systems, the traditional vendors are fighting back with their own offerings. Here's a look at the trade-offs.

The Data Route

Cisco Systems Inc. and Santa Clara, Calif.-based 3Com lead the market for medium- and large IP telephony systems. Cisco's AVID architecture takes a modular, open approach. Gateway devices plug into its routers, and its CallManager and Unity voice mail software run on separate Windows servers. 3Com's NBX systems bundle everything together. The voice mail, call management and gateway interface cards come in a single server chassis running ViWorks, a real-time operating system based on Unix.

Both systems work optimally in organizations that have already invested in the vendors' switches and routers. However, several users reported difficulties getting analog connections to work properly and cited a lack of vendor experience in dealing with the

problems. And both vendors lag behind traditional private branch exchanges (PBX) in terms of available call-processing features. "Cisco is not close to what a Nortel or Avaya can offer," says Karen Simpson, an analyst at Stamford, Conn.-based Gartner Inc. Darrell Eppes, a manager at NetgearOne LLC in Houston, concurs but says, "The vast majority of [our] customers are not using these features anyway." Bottom line: List all the features you need in the request for proposals and make sure the product can support them without customization.

The Voice Circuit

The leaders on the voice side include Nortel Networks Ltd., Avaya Inc. and Siemens Enterprise Networks USA. All three offer hybrid systems, and some vendors have rolled out native IP systems as well. Basking Ridge, N.J.-based Avaya, for example, claims to have migrated the entire feature set of its Definity PBX system into its E1000 IP telephony offering and says the system can interoperate with legacy E1000 systems.

In addition to a broader feature set, traditional PBX vendors can offer a consistent migration path. You don't have to return end-users, says Eppes, but getting the systems to work with existing switches isn't as easy. For example, "the quality of service implementations done by Nortel are not entirely in keeping with those done by Cisco," and that can cause interoperability problems, he says.

One County's Trial by Fire

CASE STUDY

Nevada County, Calif., was already planning to cut over to a new IP telephony system when a March 10 fire destroyed a building in Nevada City that housed the county's Siemens Saturn-private branch exchange (PBX).

Before the fire was out, Bill Miller, desktop services manager, says his group had relocated the building's 120 employees and set them up with IP phones with access to their telephone extensions and voice mail on a 3Com NBX 100 communications server. Miller's experience demonstrates one benefit of IP telephony systems: the ability for users to relocate their offices and have immediate and full access to their telephone services simply by plugging their IP phones into the nearest network connection. "That gives us credibility, being able to do that in crisis mode and being able to set up a triage operation," says Miller.

But what appeared to end users as a quick and easy fix was actually the culmination of a long and often painful learning process, Miller says.

Two factors started the county down this voice-over IP road. First, Reston, Va.-based Siemens Enterprise Networks USA dropped maintenance on the circa 1987 Siemens Saturn PBX that served more than 700 users. But Miller also saw IP telephony as enabling technology for his application infrastructure. "We have the interactive voice response, the phone systems, the Web, email, and we wanted to lay down the foundation for them to work together," he says.

COMPETITORS

That foundation didn't get quickly or easily, however. Miller says he chose products from Santa Clara, Calif.-based 3Com Corp. because its data network is built on the vendor's gear. He chose the county courthouse for the first installation and put in all-new SuperStack 3300 Ethernet switches and a fiber backbone.

"That's when the fun started," Miller says. First, he had trouble getting the NBX server in the courthouse to pass calls through a T1 line to another NBX in the data center and out to trunk lines. Also, integration problems prevented users on the 3Com system from using four-digit dialing to call other users on the Siemens PBX.

"Then we started to get performance problems," Miller says. The older, Category 3 wiring, which worked fine for data, was a disaster for voice. "If you had one or two workstations with bad wiring, it would affect that closet," Miller says. The result wascocktail volume, dropped calls and echoes. It took six months to clean up the problems and resolve the trunk line issues.

One problem remains unresolved. The old system was programmed to route callers to a specific attendant for their group. With the 3Com system, "if you press zero, it can only go to one attendant organization-wide," Miller says. To get around that, Miller has had to train users to dial zero plus a four-digit extension. "I'm having to do a public relations thing to explain how you operate voice mail," he laments.

With most of these problems behind him, Miller, who is now switching over the bulk of the county's users, is still optimistic about IP telephony. "It just halved the cost of my [switching] closets," he says. Miller also cites a drop in hardware maintenance costs, as well as a reduction in power, air conditioning and floor-space requirements in the data center. But, he acknowledges, "it's not for the faint-hearted."



IP TELEPHONY
not for
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warns Bill
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**"WE EAT,
AND
IN DISASTER
RECOVERY"**

Storage software company.

VERITAS

Anti-aliasing

BY SAMI LAIS

ANTI-ALIASING smooths the raw and haggard edges on computer and handheld displays, wireless phones, printers, even digital cameras.

Aliasing — jagged or stair-stepped edges — appears when there are too few pixels in an image or on a display to represent it realistically.

Spectral aliasing — moiré or herringbone patterns where none should be — appears as a result of interference between digital signals, such as color and brightness.

How It Works

In graphics or type, anti-aliasing algorithms sample, or examine and evaluate, the colors and shades of pixels adjoining curved or diagonal lines. They also shade some pixels to create a softer line. The eye no longer clearly sees the stair-stepped edges and, paradoxically, it reads the softer line as clearer.

Some anti-aliasing algorithms create a similar effect by jittering. Instead of changing a pixel's color or tone, the filter slightly offsets, or jitters, the pixel by a random amount from its normal placement.

This creates a more gradual transition between an object and its background.

Dithering, or creating a sim-

ilar effect using patterns of dots of colors, can create anti-aliasing effects for photographs and shaded drawings.

Increasing the resolution and thus reducing the pixel size can create an effect similar to that of anti-aliasing, but this may not always be feasible.

Fractal compression lets you store thousands of large image files on a single CD.

Fractal compression works by reducing each shape or pattern to an equation. When the fractal image is reconstructed, there's often more information than the display can show, and artifacts — bits of white debris — are created. Anti-aliasing eliminates these artifacts and creates smoother edges.

High-end graphics hardware maker Silicon Graphics Inc. in Mountain View, Calif., developed an anti-aliasing method

DEFINITION

Anti-aliasing is the mathematical antidote to aliasing, the jagged or stair-stepped look of diagonal or curved lines in computer graphics. An anti-aliasing algorithm, applied to a bitmapped image or type, evaluates the tone and color of pixels at the image edge and shades or offsets adjoining pixels to present to the eye a smoother, softer line.

that uses special accumulation buffers that temporarily store rendered frames. When several frames have accumulated, the graphics chip blends them together.

To counter aliasing, some devices, such as Intel Corp.'s Pentium III chip and many printers and digital cameras, incorporate anti-aliasing filters. High-end graphics cards may contain more sophisticated anti-aliasing edits.

Most anti-aliasing filters sample adjoining pixels between two and 16 times at different locations, then combine and average the different readings to get the most realistic color. More samples result in subtler gradations between image edges and along curved or diagonal lines and type. But a higher sample rate takes more time and memory.

Some cards use supersampling, which renders the image at a resolution higher than

the display can support and then scales down and filters the image — in effect, adding new pixels, before sending it to the display. But such brute-force techniques take a toll on performance.

Trade-offs

Some graphics cards makers use anti-aliasing filters with distinctive sampling patterns that create a high-sample effect with a modest sampling rate.

The GeForce 4 Ti 4600 graphics card from Nvidia Corp. in Santa Clara, Calif., uses a multisampling technique, which embeds the anti-aliasing in hardware. The performance decline is much less with this technique, Nvidia says, because some of the samples on which it bases the anti-aliasing are virtual rather than actual pixels.

Edge anti-aliasing, such as in San Jose-based Adobe Systems Inc.'s Photoshop software,

doesn't anti-alias an entire photograph or drawing, but only where an object of one color and tone meets another such object or the background.

Experienced users can take advantage of Photoshop's sharpen and blur tools to simulate the anti-aliasing effect.

Visual disruption caused by aliasing is even more obvious with video. As stills, each frame may look fine. But as a video image, artifacts could make the edge of a building appear to crawl or twinkle. Anti-aliasing can eliminate most of these problems.

But while anti-aliasing an image may smooth edges to give it a less harsh appearance, photographers may prefer the sharper image.

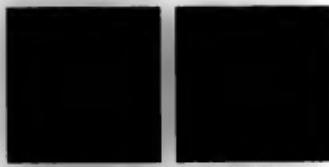
As with photographic detail, type smaller than 14 pixels high (about one-seventh of an inch on a normal display screen) doesn't benefit from anti-aliasing fuzzy edges.

Generally, anti-aliasing helps with display type, logos, graphics and some photo-grabs, but it doesn't help text-size type or when maximum sharpness and detail is needed. ■

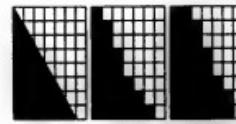
Louis is a freelance writer in Takoma Park, Md.

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Fractal compression lets you store thousands of high-resolution images on a single CD, but decompressing them can cause artifacts, as shown in the image on the left. Anti-aliasing removes the artifacts, as shown on the right.



Imagine that each square in the grid is a pixel. If you were to draw a diagonal line, it wouldn't look like the line on the left, but rather like the one in the middle. To disguise the jagged look, anti-aliasing samples pixels at the edge and creates new shaded pixels that blur the jagged line. If you expand, you'll see the line at the right looks straighter than the line in the middle.

A
A

The letters on the top look ragged. By adding pixels to curved and diagonal lines in type, anti-aliasing makes the letters on the bottom look smoother and sharper. This affects text on type that's more than 14 pixels high.

TECHNOLOGY

XML's Dirty Secret

As B2B embraces XML, the technology can inadvertently expose sensitive data.

By Russell Kay

THE INFORMATION security crowd has a serious problem. These folks think that what they're doing to safeguard data still works. Sure, they did good work keeping secrets and ensuring data availability and integrity when most computing was mainframe-based as well as during the client/server boom of the '90s. And they even made electronic data interchange safe.

But in the age of Java and .Net, where most business-to-business data will be represented in XML, things are very different.

Yes, virtual private networks (VPN) and end-to-end encryption using public-key infrastructure technology can keep data confidential while it's in transit. Protecting data at the network level is fine, until someone hacks into your system and goes fishing for it.

But the real vulnerability is XML itself.

The trouble with XML is that it explains far too much about the data that's represented in it. The tags that define the structure of a document and describe what each individual data element is also make it dead easy to locate sensitive data, such as credit card and transaction information. This is simultaneously the basis of XML's power and its greatest weakness.

The metadata of the tags simplifies programming and facilitates interoperability. But it also helps point out to interlopers — whether inside or outside the organization — where the important stuff is. Using XML for sensitive or mission-critical traffic is like painting a target on the data. Not only is the data exposed and wide open, but it also calls attention to itself.

Application programmers

TECHNICAL ANALYSIS

know this. System designers know this. And if they think about it, IT managers, too, realize the vulnerability. But according to Weston Swenson, president of Wellesley, Mass.-based Forum Systems Inc. (www.forumsys.com), the IT security establishment seems to think that using Secure Sockets Layer encryption or a VPN to protect data being transmitted is all they need to do. If that's what they think, then they're a few years behind the curve, says Swenson, whose company's product addresses XML security directly. Forum's product seems like a good answer to a question IT managers and CIOs should be asking themselves.

Forum's Sentry Server Appliance is an encryption engine targeted directly at XML data going to or from an application. It takes a data stream and selectively encrypts specific data, and even data tags, so it can hide the data description. Someone who's looking for credit card tags using a search string — say, for example — won't find them if the tags themselves have been encrypted. All that appears is <cypertext>, which could be anything. And multiple cypertexts need not, of course, all represent the same data type.

The product is quite simple: It's basically a Linux box with Forum's proprietary software. Using the built-in webch

you can examine the XML structure of a typical transaction and set encryption policy for whichever data elements and tags you wish. The encryption uses Triple Data Encryption Standard, with RSA for key management, so that's not a weak point. Because the product encrypts only what you tell it to, it can process data to and from XML.

And there's more. The box can digitally sign data, ensure nonrepudiation and issue certificates. Since it's a dedicated device that handles just a character stream as both input and output, it really doesn't care what kind of hardware, software or operating system the rest of your systems use.

Raising Awareness

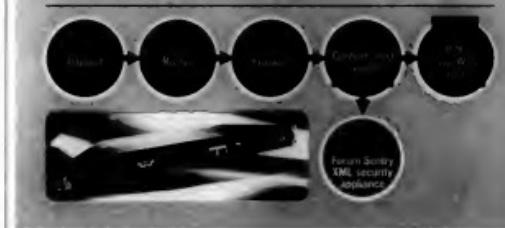
I worked in the computer security industry for a dozen years, during a time when the major problems involved neither security nor availability. The trouble spots were awareness (getting users to recognize the need for security) and integrity (making sure data wasn't corrupted, usually because of errors and omissions).

Security awareness today is higher than it's ever been, and we've got lots more tools to ensure data integrity and protect against viruses. We have industrial-strength encryption that's almost certainly unbreakable for at least the next decade.

But the very strength of our encryption capabilities can mislead us into a very false sense of security. Yes, we have the ability to encrypt our data so it's unreadable. But do we actually do it? And do we encrypt the right stuff at the right time?

We expend a lot of effort to protect data so we can communicate it easily and cheaply over the Internet. But once it arrives at its destination, it's decrypted and stored in our databases, and the only remaining security is whatever firewalls and authentication systems are in place. And we know that those can be and are being hacked every day. XML is one of the most powerful ideas to engage modern e-commerce. Let's make sure it works for good. ▶

Encrypting XML With Forum's Sentry Server Appliance, a data stream is processed to encrypt outgoing XML traffic and decrypt incoming data. The dedicated crypto box and selective encryption of just specified fields and tags keeps overhead to a minimum.



CRYPTOGRAPHY expert Martin Hellman, co-inventor of Diffie-Hellman public-key encryption, says he never encrypts his e-mail. It's just too much trouble.

"There's a lack of integrated, automatic, transparent crypto," says Hellman, professor emeritus of electrical engineering at Stanford University. "If security is an add-on that people have to do something special to get, then most of the time they will not get it."

But there are developments afoot that during the next five years may bring some of the integration, automation and

transparency Hellman is looking for.

"Cryptographic operations will disappear into the infrastructure," predicts Tom Berson, a principal scientist at Palo Alto Research Center Inc. (PARC) in California. "One, called Quicksilver, is a program aimed at convincing vendors and users that cryptography is no longer slow and difficult to use. In its Quicksilver Manifesto, PARC exhorts users to 'demand that your interests take priority over obsolete beliefs about what can and cannot be done to secure your information.'

Encryption will be seamlessly integrated into virtually every computing device and piece of communications software, Berson says.

And it will happen not a moment too soon. Increased connectivity in general and the rapid rise in wireless com-

munications in particular are leaving users with files, messages and telephone conversations vulnerable to loss of privacy and confidentiality.

PARC researchers have several projects under way to encourage the use of encryption. One, called Quicksilver, is a program aimed at convincing vendors and users that cryptography is no longer slow and difficult to use. In its Quicksilver Manifesto, PARC exhorts users to "demand that your interests take priority over obsolete beliefs about what can and cannot be done to secure your information."

PARC is also working on making encryption more user-friendly. For example, it has

proposed an intuitive scheme for user authentication in ad hoc wireless networks. The scheme uses public-key cryptography, but without a public-key infrastructure (PKI) that requires users to have digital certificates signed by a trusted third party.

"The problem with PKI is the I, not the PK," says PARC researcher Diana Simeiters.

Stanford researcher Dan Boneh is developing a public-key system based on Identity-Based Encryption, by which users can use their e-mail addresses as their public keys. Recipients of e-mail encrypted by the system wouldn't need pre-established keys or certificates. The system would also allow the creation of messages that can be read only at a specific future time.

And Anna Lyasinskaya, a computer science graduate student at MIT, is working with IBM to develop privacy-oriented "anonymous credentials." For example, users could sign up for an online service without divulging their identities. The service provider could verify that a user is registered, but it couldn't track his activities and track them back to him.

Years of Development

Encryption is based on complex mathematics, and it often takes years for experts to satisfy themselves that there are no serious flaws in a cryptosystem. For example, the new Federal Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm, which is replacing the old, less secure Data Encryption Standard, is based on techniques developed in the mid-1990s. But the U.S. Department of Defense won't widely deploy AES cryptography until 2007.

"Within three years, we'll see a reasonable deployment of AES," including in Sun Microsystems Inc. products, predicts Susan Landau, a senior staff engineer at Sun. She says that Sun is also likely to embrace Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC), a public-key cryptosystem created in 1985. ECC has advantages over the more widely used RSA en-

Crypto Scenario

- Encryption will be integrated, automatic and transparent.
- It will secure every computing and communication device.
- There will be public-key crypto-graphy without an elaborate infrastructure.
- The powerful new AES will gain wide acceptance.
- The lightweight but powerful ECC will secure wireless and mobile communications.

cryption scheme. These advantages principally include shorter key lengths and faster performance for a given level of security. Landau says that make it the cryptosystem of choice for mobile devices short on processing power and memory.

"Pretty much all of the new standards coming out of places like the [Internet Engineering Task Force] are being written to support ECC," Simeiters says. "You will start to see people adopt ECC as an option; after it's a pretty common option, it will start to become the default."

Cryptosystems based on existing algorithms are likely to remain in use for many years. They can be strengthened against brute-force attacks launched by ever-faster computers by increasing the length of the encryption keys they use. But, experts say, there is a threat looming for all public-key systems: ultra-fast, massively parallel quantum computers. Very primitive quantum computers have already been built at IBM.

However, Hellman says it's likely to be at least 10 to 15 years before quantum computers can be scaled up to crack modern encryption keys. "So, while prudence dictates that we keep our eye on quantum computing, there is no immediate threat," he says.

CRYPTOGRAPHY CRITIQUE

Read Martin Hellman's views on current cryptography practices at our Web site: [QuickLink: 29732](http://www.computerworld.com)

Cryptography For the Masses

Encryption will be everywhere, and easier to use. By Gary H. Anthes

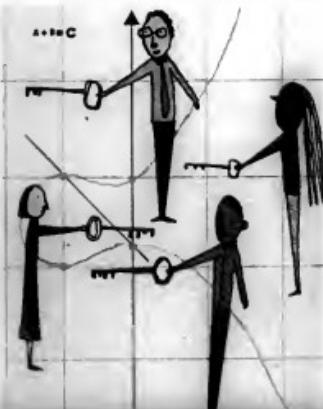


ILLUSTRATION BY JEFFREY L. BROWN

Wireless LAN Install Leaves Corporate Net Wide Open

After a test install allows drive-by hacking.
Mathias steps in with a layered security design

BY MATTHIAS THURMAN

NO MATTER HOW MUCH detail one provides to upper management regarding a vulnerability of a security issue, sometimes a technology that isn't in the company's best interests is approved.

My problems started when an executive within the company proposed building a LAN infrastructure using an 802.11b wireless LAN. By his figures, rolling out wireless would help the company avoid more than \$2 million per year in lost productivity. I have a hard time believing that we would save that much, and I've yet to see any supporting documentation. Most of our employees have offices or cubicles with wired connections, and each conference room has enough Ethernet drops so that anyone who wants to connect his laptop to the corporate network can do easily.

A few months ago, when the decision was made to implement a wireless network, Windows NT administrators within the IT department did the initial implementation on our development network. They're very good administrators, but they knew nothing about wireless technology and installed everything using the default settings. This included using the notoriously insecure 40-bit Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) protocol encryption and the default Service Set Identifier (SSID) codes that identify the wireless hubs on the network.

Weaknesses Revealed

Upon reviewing the install, my team was able to demonstrate how weaknesses in the implementation would allow a hacker with freely downloadable software and a \$100 wireless LAN card to sit outside our building and gather information that would then let him gain access to our corporate network. We positioned ourselves on the street in front of our building and used these tools to start collecting packets and crack the WEP algorithm. I'm not a cryptographer and don't know the details of WEP

encryption. But by using these tools, which compiled easily onto our Unix server, I was able to collect network packets and crack the WEP key.

After I demonstrated this to our CIO, he trashed the wireless project, and that appeared to be the end of it — until three weeks ago. Suddenly, the executive staff was at again, deciding that we should implement a wireless LAN anyway. We were being forced to implement a technology that has a history of being insecure. Although I didn't think the benefits outweighed the security risks, the deployment was happening anyway. So we had to make the best of it.

Fortunately, I was able to convince management that my team should at least specify the products and configuration to improve security.

After reviewing the options, we decided to regular Cisco Systems Inc.'s Aironet access points and adapters, which include enhanced security features.

Like many products, Aironet supports stronger, 128-bit encryption. But the feature that attracted us was Aironet's Lightweight Extensible Authentication Protocol (LEAP). With LEAP, Cisco decouples authentication from the encryption process by sup-

Six-Step Program for Wireless LAN Security

The six basic tenets of the wireless security strategy at Mathias Thurman's company:

1. Enable 128-bit session encryption.
2. Configure RADIUS server authentication.
3. Force 30-minute periodic reauthentication for all users.
4. Require use of VPN to access critical resources.
5. Restrict LAN access rights by role.
6. Implement two-factor authentication scheme using access tokens for users accessing critical infrastructure.

porting the use of an external Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service (RADIUS) server to authenticate wireless LAN users. In traditional wireless systems, anyone with the proper SSID and password (used for WEP encryption) can become a node on the network. With LEAP, even if someone were to compromise the SSID and the encryption key, he would still need an account on the RADIUS server to gain access to the LAN.

Aironet also lets administrators establish a midsession reauthentication policy. We plan to configure this feature so that users are forced to authenticate again every 30 minutes. This type of policy disrupts a hacker's ability to intercept packets and crack the session key, which could be used to gain entry to the network.

Tunnel Security

We already have Cisco's Secure Access Control Server to authenticate our virtual private network (VPN) users, and we're going to force the use of a VPN tunnel for wireless access to our corporate infrastructure. We'll use our current installation of VPN concentrators and configure them so that only the required level of access will be authorized for each wireless user. For example, if a sales employee accesses the network wirelessly, he will have permission to access only e-mail, the intranet Web site and specific sales force tools. On the other hand, a Unix administrator will have permission to access the gateway servers we use to control access to our critical Unix servers.

We also plan to require the use of a token for those individuals who have permission to access critical servers via their wireless connections. This way, if a compromised laptop has passwords either stored in clear text or cached in the application, the potential hacker won't be able to break in unless he has the user's token. This may seem like a lot of extra overhead on our users and their equipment, but we can make it virtually invisible to the end users — aside from the occasional requirement to reauthenticate and present the SecurID token.

There are certain levels of exposure with almost any technology, and wireless is no different. However, Cisco's technology, coupled with our current

THIS WEEK'S GLOSSARY

Service Set Identifier: SSID is a code attached to packets sent over the wireless LAN that functions as a password for communicating between wireless clients through a wireless hub, or access point. All access points in a network must use the same SSID to communicate.

Wired Equivalent Privacy: WEP is a low-level IEEE 802.11 data encryption protocol designed to provide a wireless LAN with protection against data eavesdropping. The technology has been defeated by hackers and is considered insufficient for enterprise security needs. A stronger 802.1x specification is still under development.

LINKS:

www.meraki.com/privacy/index/wep.asp?l.html: If you're new to wireless technology, this Web page includes a good primer.

www.iwsec.ca/basics/advise/issue/wep.asp?l.html: Read this informative analysis before trying to understand WEP's weaknesses.

www.cisco.com/cnccn/tech/444/juny/wireless.shtml: Visit this page for detailed information on Cisco's Aironet products.

www.cisco.com/cnccn/public/704/packet/5007/p74-cover.htm: Intel's "Sizing the Wireless LAN," published in Cisco's Packet magazine, describes the Aironet architecture and its security features.

installation of RADIUS and VPN services, should provide a reasonably secure environment for our employees.

Our security team presented its recommendations to upper management, and they have agreed with the proposed design. The next step is getting the new infrastructure into the lab to ensure everything works as planned.

But we're not done yet. If you've had a chance to play in the wireless space and can offer some suggestions, please feel free to share your experiences in the Security Manager's Journal forum.

This week's journal is about a wireless security manager, "Mathias Thurman," whose name and expertise have been disguised for obvious reasons. Contact him at mathias.thurman@yahoo.com or the discussion list in our forum.

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Corporate governance: Brian Subrin (508) 825-0702

Financial services: Michael Sippey (508) 825-0709

Software development: Michael Sippey (508) 825-0709

Entertainment: Michael Sippey (508) 825-0709

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FRANK HAYES/FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Cost of Speed

DIDJA SEE the story on the front page of last Monday's *USA Today*? The one with the headline "Companies Squander Billions on Tech"? The one that says U.S. companies "threw away" \$130 billion in the past two years on unneeded software and systems, suggests that Y2k spending was a boondoggle and implies that everyone else involved in corporate IT decisions, from CEOs down to the propeller heads in the trenches, are dimwitted dopes who never get anything right when it comes to technology?

Right — as mama used to say, it makes a good story. But is it true?

It surely sounds damning. The story talks about a "spending spree," and "panic buying" for Y2k, and companies "burned by overspending." And if \$130 billion really was wasted over two years, that's about 15% of U.S. corporate IT spending down a rat hole — and the story claims that, worldwide, IT "waste" is more like 20%.

Is it true? If it is, we could reasonably expect every CIO to be on the street right now, and deservedly so. Why, just by cutting out that IT waste, we could probably put this recession behind us, and put a million unemployed people back to work right now!

But it's baloney. Sliced thick and served up with all the trimmings, but baloney all the same.

There is no massive waste, no tens of billions of IT dollars squandered or thrown away. We know where the money went. So do our CEOs. It went to Web stores and e-commerce, to Y2k and B2B, to enterprise applications and productivity-enhancing systems. Did we spend more than absolutely necessary? Sure — everybody's hindsight is crystal-clear. If we'd had years to create an e-commerce infrastructure, we could have fine-tuned every decision and optimized everything for price.

But we didn't have years. We had months. So we had to make best guesses, leave margins for error and work a little faster. We built in more capacity than absolutely needed because if we didn't, we'd catch holy hell when the system couldn't handle the load. We bought products with features we didn't need because those products were available and we couldn't afford to wait.

There's your "unnecessary" IT spending. We optimized for delivery speed, not cost, because other-

wise, we'd have been demolished in the electronic marketplace.

Sure, big IT projects failed at Hershey, Kmart, Nike and other companies. (*USA Today* counts those in its "wasted" billions.) We've always seen some projects fail, along with some companies that lacked clear IT visions. The difference now is that far more IT projects have direct importance to the business — so business-side people demand much faster delivery, resulting in much greater risks and a more direct hit to the bottom line when a project fails.

Of course, *USA Today* also counts the most successful collection of IT projects in history as wasted spending. Here's the paper's version of Y2k: "Little happened, except that corporations got stuck with big tech bills." Of course, making sure "little happened" was exactly what IT people were supposed to do. And we'd have spent a lot less on Y2k if we had approved to start work sooner and didn't have to sprint at the end.

It's all about speed. IT is ever more critical to the business, and business changes ever more rapidly, so we've got to deliver the IT goods ever more quickly. But the price of that speed is that IT costs more — and comes with greater risks.

That's the real story — the one *USA Today* missed.

So if your CEO asks why you're "wasting" so much money on IT, point out that business needs create short deadlines, that capacity and time-to-market are where the money goes, and that the choice to optimize for cost or for the business's need for speed is up to him.

And remind him that IT can come fast, or good, or cheap — but never all three at once. ♦



SHARK TANK

HELP DESK pilot fish is troubleshooting a user's floppy disk drive that makes a clicking sound and won't read any disks. Mystery is solved when fish spouts a floppy that's missing its metal sleeve. Is that the one you were using? Fish asks. "Yes," user says. "And now it won't work anywhere else either."

USER restoring a backup from seven floppies can't past Disk 5. When he puts in the final floppy, the program keeps flashing "Insert Disk 7." A quick check by IT pilot fish reveals that last disk is No. 8. Where's Disk 7? Fish asks user. "Well, usually it only wants seven disks, but last night it wanted another disk," user explains. "I didn't have one, so I just left the last disk in and let it keep running. It seemed to finish OK, though."

IT DIRECTOR's laptop won't let her save changes to her important presentation to a floppy disk. She goes from PC to PC in

the department and quickly concludes that all the floppy drives in the IT shop are bad. Furious, she calls hardware support plot fish on the carpet. Fish examines the problem — and solves the problem by sliding the write-erased tab closed.

PANICKY secretary turns up at support plot fish's door clutching a damaged floppy disk. It can't be read, and the document is too long to re-type, and it must go out that afternoon, she wails. Fish rescues the file, then asks what happened. "The boss asked for yet another change," she admits. "And out of frustration, I dropped the floppy across the room."

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